British troops to remain in Beirut

LONDON (R) — Britain said Wednesday that its troops would remain with the multinational peacekeeping force in Beirut despite increasing pressure at home for their recall following the deaths of U.S. and French troops in the force. "We are taking the situation in Beirut very seriously. (British Foreign Secretary) Sir Geoffrey Howe and I are reviewing this day by day and very carefully indeed." Foreign Office Junior Minister Richard Luce said on British Radio. Mr. Luce said Britain's main concern was whether or not the British contingent could contribute to achieving an independent Lebanon and help President Amin Gemayel impose his authority. Britain has a contingent of 97 troops serving in Beirut. Earlier Wednesday. Conservative parliamentarian Sir Anthony Kershaw demanded the withdrawal of the British troops and described their role as "ludicrous".



Six killed in Iraqi air attack

LONDON (R) — Iran Wednesday reported heavy artillery exchanges in the Gulf war's northern sector and an Iraqi air raid in which six people were killed, It said Iraqi planes Wednesday bombed an area near the Iranian border city of Marivan, killing six people and wounding eight others. In Baghdad, a high command communique said Iraqi planes had inflicted heavy losses on Iranian troop concentrations and equipment on the northern front. It gave no details. The Iranian communique reported fierce' artillery duels near Baneh and Sardasht and further north in the Piranshahr region. On other fronts, the communique said Iran's southern oil city of Abadan came under long-range artillery fire on Monday, the agency, received in London, said.

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N. Yemeni minister leaves for Libya

SANA'A (R) - North Yemen's Deputy Prime Minister for Economic Affairs Hassan Makki left Wednesday for Tripoli with a message from President Ali Abdullah Saleh to Libyan leader Muammar Oadhafi. officials said. The message deals with current Arab affairs and bilateral relations, they added. While in Tripoli, Mr. Makki and his delegation will attend celebrations marking the 14th anniversary of Libya's revolution which ousted the monarchy.

Qatar receives Djibouti message

DOHA (R) - The ruler of Qatar. Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Hamad Al Thani Wednesday received a message from Djibouti President Hassan Gouled, officials said. The message, delivered by Djibouti's Foreign Affairs and Cooperation Minister Moumin Bahdoun Farah, concerned Arab and African affairs and bilateral relations. the officials added.

Zia supports **Turkish Cypriots**

ANKARA (R) - Pakistan President Zia Ul Haq said Wednesday his country fully supported the cause of Turkish Cypriots and considered their problems as its own. Speaking at the University of Ankara, where he was awarded an honorary doctorate. Gen. Zia described the Turkish Cypriots' position on the divided island as "just and legitimate" and said Pakistan would continue to back them withour hesitation.

Pope prays for Lebanon 'martyr'

VATICAN CITY (R) — Pope John Paul Wednesday urged prayers for the "martyred people" of Lebanon who he said were in the throes of a fratricidal struggle. Speaking at the close of his weekly audience in St. Peter's Square, the pontiff said he felt particularly close to all who had been bereaved in the internal conflict and to those who viewed the country's future with increased anxiety.

U.N. chief holds talks with Howe

LONDON (R) - United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar met British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe Wednesday for informal talks covering a broad range of international affairs, the Foreign Office said. The secretary general, in Britain on a private visit. left London airport shortly after the hour-long meeting for a holiday in Portugal. The talks covered Namibia (South West Africa), the U.N. conference on Palestine in Geneva, the Iran-Iraq war. Cyprus. Chad and Afg-

Ulusu to visit Malaysia, Singapore

ANKARA (R) - Turkish Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu will make a five-day official visit to Malaysia next week at the invitation of Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad, the Foreign Ministry said Wednesday.

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- Bahrain banker urges for more women role. page 7
- A million Filipinos bid page 8
- farewell to Aquino.

Qasem hopes U.N. confab will spawn peace drive

GENEVA — Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem who is taking part in the U.N. conference on Palestine here Wednesday, expressed hope that this conference will arrive at a recommendation for starting a constructive dialogue with influential parties that can lead to a U.N.-sponsored peace ini-

He said that a dialogue with infuential parties is necessary if a total Israeli withdrawal from Arab lands is to be achieved. This dialogue should be with the two superpowers and some European nations, Mr. Oasem said.

In an interview with the Jordan Times, Mr. Qasem spoke also about the Jordanian-Palestinian dialogue. Last year Jordan tried. through an intensive dialogue with the PLO, to reach some sort of a formula to serve as a starting point to rescue the Palestinian land from occupation, he said.

This dialogue was in conformity with the resolutions passed at the Fez Arab summit, but our priority should now be to save the land and its people from occupation. Mr. Dasem added.

He said: "Jordan also believes

that priority should be given to the Palestinian people to establish their own independent state. For this to be achieved we must put our priorities right, and therefore we embarked on the dialogue but for some reasons stemming from within the PLO and from without. this dialogue was prevented from progressing and achieving any

Jordan's principal aim from this dialogue was to save the people and the occupied land. Vir. Oasem explained, "and then we aim at helping the Palestinians to establish their own independent state in the West Bank and the Gaza

He said that the PLO should arrive at its own decisions, independent from any influences and these decisions will be for the best interest of the Palestinian people's rights, "We must not forget that israel plans to evacuate the land and remove all Arab character

from it". Referring to the talks he held in Tunis. Algeria and Morocco with PLO officials. Mr. ()asem said he stressed the danger inherent in Israel's plans to evict Arabs from their land following the recent

events in Hebron. "We must seriously view the recent events in Hebron and Israel's ambitious plans in the city. because it is an Islamic holy city and has been so, for hundreds of vears." Mr. Oasem said.

He said that the Jerusalem Committee will soon be asked to convene to discuss the situation in

Referring to an Arab summit. Vir. Qasem said: "It is hoped that such a summit will be held in Riyadh and Saudi Arabia is expected to pave the way for this summit to make the conference a success. At this summit such questions as the Palestine problem, the Iraq-Iran war and the development in Lebanon will be discussed along with problems of concern to the Arab

"The Arab should now work towards ending their disputes and differences. This is the only way by which we can confront the challenges and end occupation and aggression." Mr. Qasem said.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan is sworn in as the Regent prior to the departure of His Viaj-

esty King Hussein on a trip to Far East Wednesday.

Hassan confers with Gemayel by phone

AMMAN (Petra) -- His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan the Regent, acting upon directives from His Majesty King Hussein. Wednesday made a telephone call to Lebanese President Amin Gemayel to enquire about the situation in Lebanon.

Prince Hassan voiced Jordan's concern over the developments in . Lebanon over the past two days and stressed Jordan's deep kee-

safety, stability and territorial int-

Prince Hassan also expressed Jordan's support for President Gemayer's efforts for restoring normal life to Lebanon and bringing about national reconciliation.

The president expressed his appreciation to Prince Hassan for Jordan's concern and assured him be over.

nness on maintaining Lebanon's that the situation in Beirut and its suburbs was gradually returning to normal. He also stressed his determination to pursue all efforts for bringing about a national reconciliation in Lebanon.

The current flareup of fighting. the president said, had been triggered by irresponsible and unknown elements, but thanks to the army, all acts of dissent will soon

Hussein, Noor arrived in Islamabad

ISLAMABAD (Petra) -- Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor arrived here Wednesday on their way to China. They were met by Vice President Judge Mohammad Halim and sen-

ior government officials.

After the official ceremony at the airport the King and the Queen left for the guest palace for an overnight stay.

The King and Queen were seen off at the airport by Their Highnesses Prince Mohammad and Crown Prince Hassan. Princess Sarvath, and Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein as well as Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Speakers of the Senate and the National Consultative Council, Court Minister Amer Khammash, Army Chief of Staff Fathi Abu Taleb. Public Security Director Mohammad Idris. the Commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Forces Ihsan Shardam. members of the diplomatic corps

The King and Queen are accompanied by Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi. Armed Forces Commander in Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker. National Planning Council President Hanna Odeh and the assistant army chief of staff for pla-

Before the King's departure. Crown Prince Hassan was sworn in as Regent.

peace efforts

Shultz reassures Beirut on key issues

WASHINGTON (R) - Secretary of State George Shultz pledged all possible U.S. aid Wednesday to President Amin Gemayel's new peace efforts in Lebanon and also said U.S. Marines there would fight vigorously if attacked.

"Let no one doubt that if attacked, the viarines will take care of themselves with vigour." Mr. Shultz told a news conference two days after two Marines serving with the Multinational Peacekeeping Force were killed and

Mr. Shultz said he did not bel- way possible following Mr. Gem-

Afifah A. Kaloti

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The resignation of

the Israeli Prime Minister Men-

achem Begin. is good news and his

departure from the government

must be for good, according to a

British member of the European

Parliament who has just con-

cluded a three-day visit to Jordan.

Israeli prime minister as "a very

difficult man to deal with and

someone who has never wanted

In an interview with the Jordan

Times on Wednesday, Mr. Balfe

said Mr. Begin had a long-term

strategy to occupy and annex the

"I do not believe that Begin had

Asked if Mr. Begin's res-

ignation would change Israel's

policy towards peace. Mr. Balfe

said that the "key" now is with

those people in Israel who want

peace and a genuine settlement.

"Those people in Israel are

mainly concentrated in the Lab-

lasting peace," the European par-

BAHRAIN (R) — The five hij-

ackers of an Air France jet sur-

rendered to Iranian authorities at

Tehran's Mehrabad Airport

Wednesday, ending a four-day

ordeal for the plane's 17 pas-

The Iranian National News

Agency (IRNA) said the hostages

seven crew members and 10

passengers - were in good health

and would spend the night at a

Three days of tense neg-

otiations between Iranian officials

and the Arabic-speaking hijackers

ended at 1323 local time (0953

GMT) Wednesday when the

sengers and crew.

Tehran hotel.

any intention of returning the occ-

upied territories." he said.

West Bank.

Mr. Richard Balle described the

ieve there was a concerted effort in the intense fighting in Beirut to single out and fire on the Marines. although he said there were conflicting reports on whether they were the target.

He said there was no plan to change the number or role of the 1.200 Marines serving in the peace force along with French. British and Italian troops. Four French soldiers and a French security policeman were also killed in this week's fighting. Shultz pledged U.S. aid in every

Begin's resignation is good news,

says European parliamentarian

"The more settlements to be

built, the more difficult it becomes

Mr. Balfe pointed out that the

European Community (EC) has a

powerful economic role to play in

the Middle East. He added that if

there should be a lasting set-

tlement, both the EC and the Sov-

an everlasting settlement unless it

is a reasonable one and the Soviet

Union is prepared to accept it".

Equally, Mr. Balfe added, the

Europeans have an interest in a

peaceful settlement in the Middle

East, "We must do what we can

and I hope that maybe some Eur-

opean states could try and get ano-

He said that it might be som-eone like former Chancellor of

Austria Bruno Kreisky. "who is a good friend to both sides and has a

deep understanding of the pro-

is one and Lord Caradon, Eng-

land's former representative to

the United Nations, is another

finding a peaceful solution and

gunmen fired shots into the air

then surrendered and asked for

They had originally been tho-

ught to number only four, but

IRNA, received in London, said

Wednesday night there were five.

The hijackers had threatened

several times to kill their captives

and twice tried to take off after

seizing an Iranian interpreter and

bartering his life for fuel and sup-

hostages emerged from the Boe-

ing 727 into the sunlight and were

As the drama ended, 15 dazed

Their nationalities remained unc-

political asylum.

our Party who really do want a who genuinely want to assist in

Mr. Balfe said that Mr. Kreisky

ther initiative off the ground."

"I don't think that there can be

iet Union have to accept it.

to achieve peace in the region." he

liamentarian said.

avel's call earlier Wednesday for a dialogue among leaders of Lebanese factions for reconciliation to end the violence. Mr. Shultz said the United Sta-

tes, in cooperation with the other countries in the multinational force, will promote Mr. Gemayel's effort at reconciliation.

He said the U.S. support will include continuation of the present U.S. backing for the multinational force, training and support of Lebanon's army and the peace effort being conducted by U.S. envoy Robert McFarlane.

who clearly understood the pro-

blem that Jordan and the Pal-

Referring to the recent U.S.

veto regarding settlements in the

occupied Arab territories Mr.

Balfe said "It shows the basic con-

fusion (over the Middle East) that

exists in the American mind." Mr.

Baife added that "he always tho-

ught that in the final analysis, the

Americans were on the Israeli side.

and that that has to be rem-

embered whenever they tried to

get a negotiated peace in this

He expressed hope that the

Americans would launch another

initiative for Middle East peace

and such an initiative would not

be influenced by the forthcoming

presidential elections in the U.S.,

which he said, may bring in pol-

itical influence based on the can-

didates aspiring for Jewish Ame-

Before his departure on Wed-

nesday. Mr. Balfe made an int-

whisked away for medical checks.

Iran. Jean Perrin, listed them as 12

French nationals including the

crew of seven, an American cou-

ple, a Swedish woman and a Bri-

France praises Iran

PARIS (R) - France Wednesday

welcomed the surrender in Tehran

of four hijackers who seized an

Air France jet last week and pra-

sed Iran for its handling of the

France's Charge J Affaires in

estinians have.

Nishanov renews call for international conference on Mideast

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - "The Soviet Union considers it necessary to speed upefforts aimed at convening an intemational conference on the Middle East, as there is a real platform for such a conference represented in the principles of the Fez summit Arab peace plan and the Soviet peace proposals," the Soviet ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Rafik Nishanov, has said.

In an address Tuesday marking the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Jordan and the Soviet Union, Mr. Nishanov said: "The only proper way to a Middle East settlement passes along collective efforts of all parties concerned and with the participation on equal basis of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the only legitimate representative of the Palestinian people."

"The Soviet Union believes the conflict in the Middle East may and must be solved not by ways of military confrontation but by political and peaceful means, and on the basis of considering the legitimate rights and interests of all states and peoples in this area." the Soviet ambassador pointed

Reaffirming Soviet support for the Arab cause and Palestinian rights, Mr. Nishanov added that the Soviet Union and Jordan have consistently stood for a just and comprehensive settlement of the Middle East conflict. 'The essential aspect of the

ensive tour of the Baga'a refugee camp, visited the Royal Scientific Arab-Israeli conflict is that it is a Society (RSS) and met with sevresult of confrontation between eral Jordanian officials. In his imperialism and Zionism from Middle East tour, he also visited one side and national liberation Egypt and held talks with officials movement in this area from another," he said. Air France hijackers surrender to Iran

nian government has been aimed

at enabling a positive outcome in

this difficult case," government

Relations between Tehran and

Paris are at a low ebb mainly bec-

ause of France's open support for

Iraq in the Gulf war and the pre-

sence in France of Iranian opp-

spokesman Max Gallo said.

osition leaders.

Arar urges 'serious' U.S. sultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar Wednesday urged the United States to make serious efforts for establishing a just and

The Arab World is not con-

vinced of U.S. credibility and is disappointed with Washington's. stands with regard to the Middle East problem, Mr. Arar said at a meeting with Mr. Richard Murphy, the U.S. assistant secretary of state designate for Middle East affairs. "The United States." Mr. Arar

said. "is the only party that is capable of putting an end to Israel's intransigence." "The recent U.S. veto at the

U.N. Security Council killing an Arab-sponsored draft resolution which called for the dismantling of Israeli settlements. has come as a shock to the Arab World and proved that the United States is not serious in establishing peace in the region. The Arabs now believe the veto was part of America's reward

AMMAN (J.T.) - National Con- to Israel encouraging it to pursue its intransigence and perpetuate

its occupation of Arab lands." gmr. Arar said. He said, "Israel has rejected the durable peace in the Middle East. Reagan peace proposal, occupied a large part of Lebanon's territory and continues to pursue an expansionist policy, and above all it is planning further acts of aggression in the region which is bound to

> Mr. Arar also warned the United States of the consequences, by saying that America's interests in Middle East will be endangered if the situation persists. Washington he added is called on to help find a just and durable solution in the region to protect its own int-

escalate tension and move the reg-

ion away from the aspired peace."

During the meeting Mr. Arar and Mr. Murphy discussed the Middle East situation in general and the Palestinian and the Lebanese issues in particular. The meeting was attended by several NCC members.

Later. Mr. Murphy met with Senate Speaker Ahmad Tarawneh who spoke about the Palestine issue. "The achievement of a just peace in the Middle East is the sole guarantee for restoring stability to the region. awneh said.

He also reviewed with Mr. Murphy the Israeli settlement policy in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip as well as Israel's continued occupation of Lebanon. Also speaking at the meeting were several Senate members who urged the United States to work towards the establishment of peace. The meeting was attended by U.S. Ambassador Richard Viets.

Mr. Murphy Wednesday was also received by the Foreign Ministry's acting Secretary General who reviewed with the American official Jordanian-American relations and the Middle East sit-

Begin succession struggle heats up

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) Two government ministers were Wednesday engaged in a fierce struggle to succeed Prime Minister Menachem Begin as leader of Israel's shaky right-wing coalition.

Intensive backroom lobbying in Mr Begin's Herut Party failed to produce agreement on whether Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir or Deputy Premier David Levy should be chosen. Herut, whose nominee must

then be accepted by the six other coalition partners, was racing against time.

Begin, stepping down after six years as prime minister, said Tuesday he would give his colleagues a short time to settle the succession before submitting his resignation. No deadline was set but Herut officials said they assumed Mr.

Begin would hand his resignation to President Chaim Herzog before the Jewish new year holiday next Wednesday. In an attempt to settle the Shamir-Levy contest quickly, ano-

ther Herut minister, Ya'acov Meridor, called a meeting in his office.

Arabs expect no change

Mr. Gallo also praised the seven crew members and the 10 hos-LONDON (R) - Arab spotages for their courage and calm kesman were confident Wedduring their four-day ordeal. nesday that Israeli prime minister The French charge d'affaires in Menachem Begin's resignation "The French government wis- Tehran said he had been expecting would herald no basic change in hes to stress that action by the Ira- a favourable outcomeproblems facing the Middle East.

Soviets attack U.S. Middle East policy

GENEVA (R) - The Soviet United States of trying to blackmail Arab states into accepting President Reagan's Middle East peace plan. In a speech to the U.N. Con-

ference on Palestine which bitterly attacked all aspects of U.S. Middle East policy. Soviet delegation chief Vladimir Vinogradov said the Reagan plan was aimed solely at Israeli domination and Arab capitulation. The plan proposes an Israeli

withdrawal from occupied territories coupled with the creation of a Palestinian entity associated with Jordan. Mr. Vinogradov said the Re-

agan plan was aimed at "giving Israel a dominant position not only with regard to the Palestinians but also to other neighbouring Arab peoples, in other words what is proposed to the Arabs is capitulation."

Washington was telling the Union Wednesday accused the Arabs to accept the Reagan plan or resign themselves to a continuation of the present intolerable situation, he said, adding: "If this is not blackmail, then what is it." Arafat to address

> Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat plans to address the conterence. Arab diplomatic sources

> said Wednesday night. Mr. Arafat, who originally announced he would not attend the conference, might arrive here as early as Thursday and intends to speak to the 10-day meeting.

> PLO officials were trying to keep news of Mr. Arafat's change of plans a secret for security reasons, they said, adding that he was likely to be flown by helicopter directly from Geneva Airport to the heavily guarded Palais Des Nations U.N. building in the city.

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لمِلَنَا مِن إِلَمِل

MIDDLE EAST

Habre wants pact with Libya but has no hopes

with the United States and France.

says over 3.000 Libyan regulars

are in northern Chad — a charge

Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi

vehemently denies - and Mr.

Habre Tuesday dismissed the reb-

He said he was far from opt-

imistic the Organisation of Afr-

ican Unity (OAU), divided over

several issues, including Chad.

could contribute to a solution to

the Chad conflict which has been

going on intermittently for over 17

French President François Mit-

Mr. Habre criticised President

Mr. Habre said his government

was aware of what he called Lib-

yan preparations for an invasion

of Chad before the oasis town was

attacked and warned France of the

danger, calling for air cover and

"French intervention would

uncontestably have stopped the

into its third week and Libya" ins-

Libyan advance." he said.

terrand has suggested this pos-

factions

els as puppets of Tripoli.

N'DJAMENA (R) — Chadian President Hissene Habre said he was willing to sign a non-aggression pact with Libya.

But he held no hope of successful negotiations with Libya. which is widely accused of backing rebels occupying part of northern Chad, including the major base of

He told a group of French joumalists: "I am ready to sign a reciprocal non-aggression pact with Libya." He said Chad wanted to live in peace with all its nei-

Mr. Habre appeared to rule out anything but a military solution to what he called the Libyan occ-

"It is not diplomatic palavers that will make Libya withdraw from Faya-Largeau." he said.

Mr. Habre again ruled out any Mitterrand for delays in sending possibility of talks with the rebel French troops and warplanes until leader. former President Gouafter Faya-Largeau had fallen and kouni Oueddei. for suggesting a federal solution to Chad's conflict among its warring

"For the moment the only interlocutor is Libya." he said without mentioning Mr. Goukouni's name in an interview that lasted nearly 90 minutes.

"We must be realistic by talking to the principal element. Mr. Habre said while accusing Libya of imperial ambitions and of settling into northern Chad with a view to making Mr. Habre's forces fight on several fronts as rebels carried out subversion.

Mr. Habre's government, along

talling itself massively in the North." the great danger was that Libyan occupation could become permanent, he said.

He said federalism had never worked anywhere - even the American system had moved towards centralism — and he did not understand how others could propose it on behalf of Chad. Mr. Habre held out the pos-

sibility of elections once peace was finally restored.

"Once we have complete peace and security, let the Chad people themselves choose, in free and democratic elections, what solution they want for their future."

U.N. council debate

UNITED NATIONS (R) - The United Nations Security Council was to resume its debate Wednesday on a complaint by Chad of Libyan aggression. a U.N. spokesman announced.

The council last met to discuss this issue on Aug. 16. Despite efforts since then, mainly by the Council's non-aligned members. to draft a resolution likely to win adoption, a Council source said this had so far proved impossible.

Wednesday's U.N. meeting will be the last held under the current council presidency of ambassador Now, with a lull in fighting going tember will be Guyana's amb-

Luc De La Barre De Nanteuil of France. The President for Sepassador Noel Sinclair.

The army spotted him as a potential high-flier from the start and "It would be absurd for the he has been given a series of testing jobs requiring diplomatic as well as military skills, they added.

> an estimated 3.000 men armed with advanced weapons and can call on the support of Jaguar ground attack aircraft and Mirage

Officially, the French forces of the Chadian authorities. sent to support President Hissene



Gen. Jean Poli

Gen. Poli heads Operation Manta

Gen. Poli is under the command of Gen. Jeannou Lacaze, head of rapid deployment force which

itary training institutes in France. Gen. Poli's last African post before his return to France in 1982 was as a military adviser to Zairean President Mobutu Sese Seko, who has also sent troops to Chad to help Mr. Habre. Promoted to Brig. Gen. Last October, Gen. Poli has since been second in command in charge of

their leftist antagonists inspite of a ceasefire set by

both sides. In Monday's heavy fighting in and aro-

und Beirut, 15 soldiers and two U.S. Marines were

ore being sent to Togo for his first

He returned to Algeria in 1960,

serving there until the end of the

war two years later when Pre-

sident De Gaulle granted ind-

Later periods of service with

parachute regiments in Mad-

agascar and Ďjibouti were int-

erspersed with study at the war

college and other high-level mil-

assignment in black Africa.

killed and scores wounded. (A.P. wirephoto)

operations of the 11th Paratroop Division based in Toulouse in southwest France.

The division forms part of the has created to enable it to intervene quickly in African con-During the Algerian War in the flicts and also in Europe in case of Habre's government against 1950s. Gen. Poli commanded an war between NATO and Warsaw

.... Cairo (Rí)

University closed down in troubled Pakistani region

KARACHI (R) — Pakistan's milinst the military regime of Pre-itary government has closed a unisident Mohammad Zia Ul Haq. versity in the troubled province of Sind after students agitating against martial law blocked a highway linking Hyderabad with the Indian border, a government spokesman said in the provincial capital of Karachi Wednesday.

The spokesman said the agricultural university at Tando Jam near Hyderabad, 200 kilometres north of Karachi, would be closed indefinitely.

Police used more than 100 canisters of tear gas trying to disperse several thousand students occupying the highway on Monday. opposition sources said.

The students, supporting a civil disobedience campaign launched by an opposition alliance known as the Movement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD). kept up the blockade for five

It was the first closure of a university in 17 days of protests agaMost colleges are still closed for the summer break but students in Sind have boycotted many of those which have resumed classes.

In Haia, north of Hyderabad, about 30 people were injured Tuesday in a clash with police after a truck accidently veered into a large crowd marching along a highway, opposition sources said. They said several people were also injured in the accident

The crowd later attacked a post office and two banks in Hala before their religious leader Mukhdoom Talibul Maula appealed to them to disperse peacefully.

Maula, regarded by followers as a living saint, has mobilised thousands of people for several peaceful protests against martial law.

Opposition sources said more than 34 people were arrested in demonstrations in Sind Tuesday.

674 Indians said jailed in 6 Gulf countries

NEW DELHI (R) - A total of 674 Indian nationals are in jails in -six Gulf countries, the Minister of State for External Affairs A.A. ependence to France's former' Rahim said.

He said in a written reply in the Lower House of Parliament that the largest group was detained in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), where 450 were in jail.

Ninety-five were imprisoned in Kuwait, 69 in Saudi Arabia, 35 in Oman, 22 in Qatar and three in

They faced a variety of charges.

including smuggling of drugs, murder, theft, alcoholic offences, rape, adultery, forgery, illegal entry and traffic offences, the minister stated. Indian missions were in contact

with the countries concerned to ensure their trials were conducted fairly and to assist in securing their release, he added. The Gulf countries employ

large numbers of Indians in coastruction projects and as skilled labour such as doctors, teachers

Singapore criticises Israel

SINGAPORE (R) — Israel, which has become more secure than ever before under Prime Minister Menachem Begin, should have the good sense to come to terms with its neighbours, the English-language Straits Times said Wednesday.

In an editoria 'What next after Begin", the infgovernment opinion, said that Isr- everything to gain."

Civil Defence rescue ...

Fire beadquarters ...

Malhas, J. Amman .

Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital

AMMAN:

NIGHT DUTY

nad Awni Satadah 97827

ael could not ignore the plight of the Palestinians forever.

Having got so far under Mr. Begin's determined if often stormy leadership. Israel has nothing to lose in coming to terms with its neighbours in the Middle East.

'On the contrary, if it can apply leader's resignation entitled a lasting and honourable peace with as much vigour as it has luential daily, which often reflects shown in the battlefield, it was

. 41541

811857

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... 21776 . 664888

West Bank villagers see Virgin Mary

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Hundreds of Palestinian residents of the village of Beit Sahur. near Bethlehem, in the Israelioccupied West Bank, say they have seen a vision of the Virgin Mary. East Jerusalem newspapers said Wednesday.

Al-Fajar newspaper said worhonour of the Virgin Mary were gathered in a village church Tuesday when an apparition app-

Israel plans to withhold its U.N. dues in protest

ael has announced it would wit- estinian people. hhold part of its share of the Uni-

Israeli U.N. representative in Geneva till

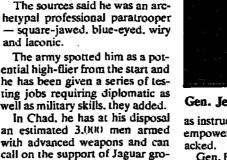
Sept. 7. lt would also cover lsrael's

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Isr- the inalienable rights of the Pal-

ted Nations budget devoted to state of Israel to finance these what it regards as anti-Israel act- anti-Israel activities." Mr. Blum told a press conference.

"in fact we would expect as Yehuda Blum said this would inc- many right-minded states as poslude a controversial U.N. con-sible to refrain from funding these ference on the question of Pal- activities which have become a regular feature of

He could not give a figure for share of the cost of running the the total amount that Israel would U.N. committee on the exercise of refuse to pay.



A FAREWELL TO ARMS: A Lebanese

soldier, his arms raised in surrender to his leftist

captors in the Hay Al Sellom early Tuesday, seems

to be shouting "don't shoot." Fighting continued

with small arms between the Lebanese regulars and

PARIS (R) — Gen. Jean Poli, the

paratroops officer commanding

French forces sent to Chad under

'Operation Manta." was chosen

because of his record as an Africa

A veteran of the Algerian War.

he has spent a large part of his

three decades in the army in Afr-

ican countries including Togo.

The son of a military family.

54-year-old Gen. Poli joined the

army in 1950 and graduated from

the elite St. Cyr military academy.

Diibouti and Zaire.

and laconic.

specialist, military sources say.

as instructors, but they have been empowered to retaliate if att-

Libyan-backed rebels are acting anti-guerrilla training centre bef- Pact countries.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

12:00 12:15

ARRIVALS

68:4 5	Cairo (R.
09:8 5	Agaba (R
	Damasucs (R.
69:15	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R
	Jeddah (R
	Dhahran (R.
	Doha, Bahrain (R.
110012	Beirus (R.
16:72	Dhahran, Riyadh (S)
10:35	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (Gi
∴ I 1:-40	Istanbul (TA
i12:25	Cairo (EA
12:36	Cairo (R.
12:45	Beghdad (R.
i13:25	Cairo (M.
	Kuwaii (KAC
	Cairo (R.
15:30	Baghdad (Li
15-55	London (R.
16-15	Cairo (R
14:15	Lamaka (R.
16:15	Ashan (R)

winds northwesterly moderate. In

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 35, Aqaba 37, Humidity readings: Amman 22 per cent, Aqaba 34 .. Riyadh, Dhahran (SK)

JORDAN TELEVISION

TV & RADIO

MAIN CHANNEL

16:39	Koran
16: 5 0	Carteon
17:19	Famous People
	Children's Programme
	Children's Programme
	Walt Disney
	Programmes Review
	Local Programme
	News in Arabic
	Arabic Series
	Arabic Varieties
	Arabic Play
	Arabic Play Cont.
2×10	Arabie Play Cont.
FOREIC	SN CHANNEL

	French Programm
19:30	News in Hebres
	Comedy: Three's Compan Knots Landin
	News in Englis Feature Film: The Patricia Nea
	Story
	DADIO IODOANI
	RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

A parily on 9560 KHz. SW
67:10 Morning Show
97:30 News Bulletin
07:40 Morning Show
19:90 News Summar
16:63 Oriental Food
10:15 Morning Show
11:00 Pop Session
12:00 News Summary
12:05 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:05 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
14:15 Instrumental
14:30 The Young Sound
15:00
16:90 News Summary
16:05 Instrumentals. Old Favourite
17:00 Special Feature, Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Profile
19:00 News Desi
19:30 Date with a Star
29:90 Evening Show

News Summary . Evening Show News Summary **Evening Show** . Close Dow

BBC WORLD SERVICE

06:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Classical Record Revion 96:45 Financial News 06:55 Ref-lections 97:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 97:30 Peebles Choice 97:45 The World Today 98:00 New-sdesk 98:30 Natur Notebook 98:40 The Farming World 09:00 World News: 24
Hours: News Summary 09:30 Country
Style 09:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World
News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Short
Story 10:30 John Peel 11:00 World
News: 11:09 British Press Review 11:15
The World Tednu 11:20 Element News The World Today 11:30 Financial New: 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Science Thr ough the Looking Giass 12:00 The Art of Janet Baker 12:30 The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy 13:00 World News: News about Britain 13:15 New Ideas News about Britain 13:15 New Ideas 13:25 The Week in Wales 13:20 The Continent 14:08 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Top Twenty 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News; 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Cricket Commentary 15:45 The Pleasure's Yours 16:30 Cricket Commentary 16:45 Network U.K. 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 The Silent Continent 18:45 The World Today 19:00 Woorld News 19:09 Woorld News 19:09 For World News 19:09 Resident 19:45 The World Today 19:00 Woorld News 19:05 Noorld News 19:05 Woorld News 19:05 Noorld News 19:0 Week in Wales 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Promenade Concerts 21:00 Outlook: News Summary 21:10 Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Report on Religion 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:20 A Jolly Good Show 23:15 Uister Newsletter 23:20 In the Meantime 23:30 Business Matters 24:30 World News 00:09 The World Today 90:25 The Week in Wales 60:30 Fin-ancial News 99:49 Reflections 90:45 Sports Round-up 01:00 World News; Commentary 01:15 Merchant Navy

TODAY'S EVENTS

LECTURE

"Condition of the Handicapped in Jor-dan" by Dr. Fawzi Daoud and Samih Khader, at the University of Jordan Alumni Club Thursday at 6:30 p.m.

EXHIBITION

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/
American Centre 44371
American Centre Library 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37(0)
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 4420;
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hossein Youth City 66718;
Y.W.C.A 4179
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library 8435T
MUSEUMS
Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-

tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum; Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-

WHAT'S GOING ON

Polish graphic art. at the Professional ons Complex, Shmeise

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah. Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdoys. Tel. 30128. Military Mineston Collection of military Military Museum: Collection of military

memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Popular Life of Jordan Mus

150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169. SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings' every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel 1.30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

every wednesday at the rioutary inn, 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

75261.

Ashratieh, 71751.

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, (el. 24590). Church of the Ammunistion (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Selle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annuaciation (Greek

Orthodox) Abdali, 23541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabal Amman, 41559. Armeni 71331. an Orthodox Church Ashrafieh

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shineisani. 663249. PRAYER TIMES

St. Ephraim Chorch (Syrian Orthodox)

93:46	Fajr
05:11	(Sunrise) Shuruq
	Dhuhr
17:59	Maghreb
19:25	'Isha

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

	Cairo (EA)
88:4 5	Cairo (RJ)
09:8 5	Agaba (RJ)
	Damasucs (RJ)
69: 15	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
09:30	Jeddah (RJ)
09:40	Dhahran (RJ)
	Kuwait (RJ)
10:00	Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
1 0 :15	Beirus (RJ)
10:35	Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
10:35	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
I 1:40	Istanbul (TA)
	Cairo (EA)
12:36	Cairo (RJ)
12:45	Baghdad (RJ)
13:25	Čairo (MS)
1440	Kuwait (KAC)
L5:30	Cairo (RJ)
15:30	Baghdad (IA)
	London (RJ)
16:15	Cairo (RJ)
16:15	Lamaka (RJ)
I 6 :15	Athens (RJ)
16:15	Tripoli, Larnaca (LN)
17:05	Agaba (RI)
17:15	New York, Vienna (R1)
18: 00	Amsterdam, Beirm (KLM)

. Casablanca, Tunis (RI

... Roma (RJ)

... Cairo (RI)

..... Cairo (RJ) Baghdad (RJ)

20:15 22:55

DEPARTURES Damas, Frankfurz (LH) 09:25 Damascus, Geneva, Zurich (SR) Amsterdam, New York (RJ) Athens (GF) . Cairo (RJ)

Lamaca (RI) Frankfurt, Brussels (RI) Istanbul (TA) 14:25 15:**6**0 15:20 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (GF) Beirut (RJ) 18:30 19:00 Kuwait (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RI) Abu Dhabi (RI) Cairo (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Cairo (RI) Baghdad (IR) Dubai, Muscat (RJ) Lisbon, Rio De Janeiro (IA) Cairo (EA) . London (BA) 23:55

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local settiony rate	s in pis
Belgiafranc 68/	68.4
Dutch guilder 122,3/	123
Egyptian guinea 325.6/	330
French franc 45,7/	46
Iraqi dinar 421.6/	
Italian lire (for 100) 22,9/	23.1
Japanese yen (for 100) . 149.8	150.7
Kuwaini dinar 1263,5/	
Lebanese lira 74.7/	76.3

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of t will continue to be relatively hot and

Aquos, 1 SCBS.	юниену	illond: ste	SUG ÇAND
		етрепация	
Aqaba	, p., ,		25/39
Deserts .			21/38
Inches V	ollen		72//1

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Dr. Khalid Saleh Abu Khamis , 72050 193, 75111 Khayyam taxi Bassam taxi 75121 661111

Hussein taxi Dr. Fakhri Haddad HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813-32 Khalidi Materuity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Materuity, J. Amman ... 42441 Jabal Amman Materuity 42362 36140 GENERAL

> Jordan Television Radio Jordan 73111 Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints Price complaints Jordan and Middle East calls

MARKET PRICES

---. 77101-3

Opperationer prace as just per age,	
Apple (American) 450 / 400	Lemon 220 / 186
Apple (Smith) 450 / 400	Lemon (yellow)320 / 28
Apple (local) 400 / 350	Marrow (large) 150 / 120
Banana	Marrow (small) 210 / 180
.Banana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Mallow
Beans 320 / 280	Melon
Cabbage 150 / 120	Melon (super)
Саттот 170 / 140	Onica (dry)
Cauliflower (white) 250 / 200	Okre 200 / P.
Corn 120 / 100	Okra 280 / 240
Cucumber (large) 180 / 150	Peaches 450 / 400
Cucumber (small) 360 / 250	Pears 500 / 450
Eggplant (large)	Pepper (Sweet)
Feenlant (email) 120 / 100	Pepper (Hot Green) 200 / 150
Eggplant (small) 130 / 100	Plums 300 / 250
Figs	Potatoes 150 / 126
Fakkous 160 / 120	Касил 120 / 100
Garlic 300 / 250	Squash 160 / 120
Grapes (white) 220 / 180	100380065 130 / 100
Grapes (black) 180 / 150	Watermalon 110 / 80
•	

FOR FRIDAY

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAI	N CHANNEL
	Когал
10:20	Children's Programme
10:40	Popeye
10:50	. Programme on Sports & Space
	Target The Impossible
	Local Play
	Soccer
	Harper Valley
	Chis Holms
171.50	Religious Programme
	News in Arabic
20:30	Arabic Series

..... Local Variety Programme

FOREIGN CHANNEL

rogramme 01:30 Meridian

18:00	French Programme (feature film
19:00	News in French
19:30	News in Hebrew
20:30	Tales of the Unexpected
21:10	King's Roya
22:00	News in English
22:15	Falcon Cres
	RADIO JORDAN
85	5 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM
	& partly on 9500 KHz, SW

News Su

2-65	Friday Special
1-08	News Summary
	Jordan Weekly
	Calch the Words
	Concert Hour
	News Summary
	Instrumentals. Old Favourites
7:00	30-Minute Theatre
	News Summary
2-65	Top Twenty
	News Desk
7.30	First Spin
8:CU	in Concert
0:30	Doctor at Large
1:00	My Word
1:30	
2:00	News Summary
	Richard Wagner
	Over a Cup of Tea
200	News Summary
3: IO	Jazz Hour

...... News Headlines, Sign Off

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Country Style 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 67:09 24 Hours News Summary 67:30 Whip Hand 67:45 The World Today 68:66 Newsdesk 68:30 World Today Wester Newsdesk 68:39
The Art of Janet Baker 99:990 World
News 99:89 24 Hours: News Summary
99:30 Here and Now 99:45 Merchant
Navy Programme 19:99 World News
10:09 Reflections 10:15 Words and
Music 10:30 The Ten Commandments
11:00 World News 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:49 Look Ahead 11:45 Album Time 12:15 Merchant Navy Programme 12:39 Business Matters .13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 In the Meantime 13:25 Ulster Newsletter 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Jazz for the Asking 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News nary 15:30 Cricket Cor 15:45 Simenon's Maigret 16:15 Letter Box 16:30 Cricket Commentary 16:45 Letterbox 17:60 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentant 18:15 Science in Action 18:45 The World Today 19:90 World News; 19:09 Sarah and Company 19:40 Book Choice 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Promenade Concert 21:56 Stock Market Report 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 The Ten Commandments 23:00 Network U.K. 23:15 Music Now 23:45 Science Thr-

ough the Looking Glass 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Book Choice 00:30 Financial News 90:45 Sports Round-up 91:89 World News 61:99 Commentary 81:15 From the Weeklies 61:30 Karkatou Island that Exploded. AMMAN AIRPORT

. Aqaba (RJ) Cairo (RJ) .. Abu Dhabi (RJ) 87:00 Ras Al Khaima, Dubai (RJ) 09:45 Cairo (EA) Ioscow (SU)

16:15	London (RJ)
16:30	
16:45	Paris (RJ)
16:45	Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)
16:55	Aqaba (RJ)
17:60	Athens (RJ)
	Cairo (BA)
	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
	Cairo (RJ)
19-50	Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)
	Zurich, Athens (SR)
	Beebded (RJ)
24:60	
01-10	Baghdad (RJ)
41:14	

DEPARTURES

Jeddab Medina (SV)

4,76	Athens, Derm, Habinki (KI)
L:00	Vienna, New York (RJ)
2-10	
2:15	Geneva, Frankfurt (RJ)
2:30	Athens, Copenhagen (RI)
44	Cako (RI)
415	Moscow (SU)
	MOSCOW (SU)
	Agaba (RJ)
77	Dar-e-salam (BA)
	Kuwait (KAC)
K 34	Medina, Jeddah (SV)
2.30	Beghdad (RJ)
9:00	
9.15	Dhahran (RJ)
9: 4 0	Bahrain, Doha (RJ)
9:5	Abu Dhabi (RJ)
6:00	Cairo (RJ)
0:15	Baghdad (RJ)
2.30	Dubai, Karachi (RJ)
•	(10)

Aqsba (RJ) . Cairo (EA)

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Soviet Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Raf ik Nishanov, Tuesday evening address' a special meeting of the Soviet-Jordanian Friendship Society to mark the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between the two states. The following is selected extracts from his speech:

The state of the s

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These days we mark the 20th anniversary of the foundation of diplomatic relations between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

. All these years relations between the Soviet Union and Jordan are developing to mutual benefit of the two countries involving more and new fields.

One can see fruitful cooperation in different fields: political, economic, commercial, scientific, military, sporting, cultural and others. Between our two counuries there is an active exchange of parliamentary, trade-union. other public and religious del-

Official friendly visits of His Majesty King Hussein to the Soviet Union in 1967, 1976, 1981 and twice in 1982, his meetings and talks with the Soviet leadership on the highest level clearly demonstrated the mutual interest of both sides in further widening and developing of good relations between our two countries.

In his message to the Soviet leader. Y. V. Andropov, at the end of his latest visit to Moscow in December 1982. His Majesty the King stressed that he had a feeling of gladness and satisfaction with the fact that during his meetings in Moscow the Soviet Union and Jordan reaffirmed mutual aspiration for further developing of stable and strong relations of co-operation and friendship between the two countries, for future achievements and securing common interests in various fields, for the benefit of the Soviet and Jordanian peoples, in the interest of strengthening the basis of int-

emational peace and security. The Soviet Union and Jordan coordinate their efforts in the struggle for peace and international security, further development of detente curbing the arms race for and the building of 3-5 training the liquidation of hotbeds of tension in different parts of the world and especially in the Middle East. Positions of the Soviet Union and Jordan are similar or near to each other as regarding the problems of war and peace, struggle for avoiding the threat of nuclear war, disarmament, securing the rights of peoples for independent development.

The Soviet Union and Jordan consistently stand for a just and comprehensive settlement of the Middle East conflict. The Soviet Union's position on this subject is well-known. It is a just, firm and consistent position. The Soviet Union regards the essential of the Arab-Israeli conflict as a result of confrontation between imperialism and Zionism from one side and national liberation movement in this area from another. That's why it is quite understood why our country supports Arab states and the Palestinian people who are the victims of Israeli aggression. The Soviet Union's aspiration to achieve a lasting and durable peace in the Middle East results from its general approach to international problems as well as from the fact that this region lies near to the southern borders of the

From the very beginning of the conflict, the Soviet Union has always done its best to reach a political settlement and to elaborate principles of implementation of the U.N. Security Council res-

During consultations with Security Council members and bilateral consultation with the representatives of the U.S. govemment as well as in General Assembly sessions and other international fora, the Soviet Union has actively carried out the line aimed at supporting the struggle of the Arab peoples and at the liquidation of vestiges of the Israeli agression.

The Soviet Union believes that the conflict situation in the Middle East may, and must be solved, not by ways of military confrontation. but by political and peaceful means, at the table of negotiations and on the basis of considering leg-itimate rights and interests of all

states and peoples of this area. The only proper way to the Middle East settlement passes along collective efforts of all parties concerned and with the participation on equal basis of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) - the only legitimate representative of the Palestinian people. The Soviet Union considers it necessary to speed up efforts aimed at convening an international conference on the Middle East. There is a real platform for such a conference represented in the form of the principles of the Middle East settlement, adopted by the Fez summit, and constructive Soviet pro-

Bilateral relations

Now. I would like to say a few words about bilateral relations. Economic and commercial cooperation between the USSR and Jordan is successfully developing on the basis of inter-governmental agreements and protocols. Above mentioned documents provide co-operation in the field of geological survey and geophysical prospecting, electrification of areas in the central parts of Jordan centres, and one technical school. Today this co-operation covers projects of electrification in the! regions of Irbid and Amman. as well as building of a training cen-

also developing with success. There is a fruitful cooperation between the Soviet Union and Jordan in the fields of education, culture, science and sports,

The Soviet Union renders assistance in training specialists, post-graduate students and students from Jordan. From its side the USSR sends to the Hashemite Kingdom Soviet scientists and

.coaches. Our links with scientific and educational institutions of Jordan are constantly being developed. In 1982 documents providing cooperation between the Royal Jordanian Scientific Society and the Academy of Science of the USSR. as well as the Academy of Science of Uzbek SSR were signed. These documents provide developing of wide contacts between scientific organisations of both countries. Similar agreements exist with the Royal Jordanian Society for Studies of Islamic Civilisation (Al al Bayt Foundation).

There are broad links between to support a confectionery ind-

Jordan Times blacks out

evening Wednesday Aug. 31 at the offices of the Jordan Times. A Minutes later Fernando Francis under candlelight.

Isam Al Tal. our translator and Voskian our page five editor and tonight; and what a night! recent graduate to front page is busy editing features. Philip Robins, page three editor is bravely trying to finish his page while Abu Nader is translating and typing. All working by candlelight. Our editor George Hawaimeh

drops in every minute checking the progress of each editor and each page, while suggesting changes to articles and stories that will appear in Thursday's paper; the one you are reading now.

Somebody was earlier sent to bring the rest of the news dispatches from the Reuters offices downtown. Our Reuters machine is naturally electrically operated as well as the tea and the cold

AMMAN (J.T.) - It was quite an water machine. Amazing how

Minutes later Fernando Francis blackout - no electricity and the our advertising manager comes in Jordan Times staff: editors, tra- to handle an advertisement giving nslators, reporters, and the boys at it to Abu Nader to translate. Afifa the montage were all working Kaloti, one of our reporters, is wandering blindly around the offices. She submitted a report earpage four editor, is trying to finish lier, but has to stick around becediting and write an article. Ara ause she is the night duty manager

> P.V. Vivekanand, our page one editor whose vacation started Wednesday, comes in. He says he is on holiday and so is the ele-ctricity. He is leaving for his hometown in India the very next day. But somehow he does not feel like leaving the rest of us in the darkness and so he chais talking about his holidays.

Gamini Akmeemena, our page eight and two editor, is busy patching up page six, since Samir Jouaneh is not available Wednesday evening. The readers of the newspaper can never know the full calamities of compiling an edition by candlelight.

FAO to hold statistics seminar in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) - Agreement has been reached between the Department of Statistics and the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO) on Wednesday to hold a two-week seminar on 'Statistics and their uses in Agriculture' here in October, according to the director of the Statistics Department Burhan Shreideh.

specialists in the statistics and agriculture field will attend and computers from FAO will take part in the seminar which is scheduled to open on Oct. 8.

Agreement on holding the seminar followed two days of talks Dr. Shreideh held with the director of FAO's Mediterranean bureau, information systems in agr-Dr. Suleiman Ayyoub, with whom he made the arrangements and drew up the seminar's programme.

Dr. Shreideh said that he has extended invitations to Bahrain.

He said that a large number of Libya, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, the United Arab Emirates, North Yemen and South Yemen to attend the sem-

> Among the subjects to be tackled at the meeting are: Sources of agricultural statistics: registering inputs and outputs in agriculture: iculture: classifying and indexing agricultural prices, and agricultural policies in general, Dr. Shreideh said.

The seminar will be the second Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon. 1981, FAO organised a similar planning. Dr. Shreideh said.



Burhan Shrideh

seminar in Amman which was attended by representatives from countries in the Mediterranean region.

Invitations have also been sent out to different government institutions which are concerned with. the collection of statistics in agrof its kind to be held in Jordan. In iculture economy as a whole, and

Majali receives Soviet Muslims:

AMMAN (Petra) — University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali Wednesday received at his office a Muslim delegation from the Soviet republic of Kaz-achistan, led by Sheikh Shamseddin Babakhanov.

Dr. Majali briefed the delegation on the educational programmes adopted by the university. He also expressed the university's readiness to cooperate with the Muslims of the Soviet Union and accept Kazachistan students at the University of Jor-

He also stressed the importance of cooperation between the university and the Muslims of the Soviet Union through the exchange of visits and books and publications. The meeting was attended by the Islamic Chief Justice Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan.

President of the University of Jordan Abdul Salam Al Majali (second from left) confers with the leader of the Soviet Muslim delegation Sheikh Shamseddin Babakhanov (Petra photo)

Earlier, the delegation visited university mosque, and Shari'a were briefed on its activities.

the Islamic Cultural Centre, the Faculty of Islamic law and they

Society lauds Jordanian-Soviet links

AMMAN (J.T.) - The 20th ann- he referred to the role of His Maj-Soviet Friendship Society.

Members of the Jordanian-Soviet Friendship Soc-

iety Tuesday evening celebrate the 20th anniversary

versities, as well as between Yar-

mouk University and Pol-

itechnical Institute in Leningrad.

between the parliaments of our

countries. Delegations of the Sup-

reme Soviet of the USSR visited

Amman three times and del-

egations from the Jordanian Sen-

are headed by Mr. B. Talhouni

twice visited the Soviet Union. In

1981 in Moscow and Baku and in

1982 in Amman, for the first time

in the history of our relations on a

very high political level, days of

Soviet-Jordanian and Jordanian-

Soviet friendship took place. The

Jordanian delegation was headed

by Speaker of the National Con-

sultative Council, Suleiman Arar.

of the USSR and Jordan have also

The relations between Muslims

During two decades we have

been maintaining friendly rel-

ations between our peoples and

states which are developing suc-

cessfully.

Stable and active links exist

Rif at Odeh, made a speech at the tural trade and economic fields. outset of the ceremony praising operation between our countries the strong relations between Jordan and the Soviet Union and welegation currently visiting Jordan. Former Prime Minister Bahjat Talhouni made a speech in which affairs.

iversary of the establishment of esty King Hussein in promoting Jordanian-Soviet relations was and strengthening relations betcelebrated here Tuesday evening ween the two countries. Mr. Talby a special ceremony held at the houni also reviewed the stages in headquarters of the Jordanian- the development of the friendly relations and cooperation bet-The society President, Dr. ween the two countries in the cul-

was the Soviet delegation leader Dr. Shamseddin Babakhanof who coming the Soviet Muslim del- stressed the need to promote cooperation between Jordan and Soviet Muslim communities in Islamic

The Soviet ambassador to Jordan, Rafik Nishanov also spoke on the occasion and reiterated the Soviet Union's stand towards the establishment of peace in the Middle East region. He condemned Israel's rec-

urrent acts of aggression against

of the establishment of relations between the two

the Arab Nation and its invasion Also addressing the gathering of Lebanon, and called for the and Medina. convening of an international con-A special ceremony was held to ference to settle the Arab-Israeli conflict. In his speech, the ambassador also outlined the scope of cooperation between Jordan and the Soviet Union.

Pilgrims leave for Saudi Arabia

AMMAN (J.T.) — The first convoy of Muslim pilgrims left for grims to display tolerance and ref- offering every facility to the pil-Saudi Arabia Wednesday to per- rain from any thing that might grims to help them perform their form pilgrimage rites in Mecca

see the pilgrims off near Umm Al naries have used the occasion for Hiran, south of Amman. Att- political purposes and therefore ending the ceremony was Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs other Muslim nations to refrain Kamel Al Sharif, who made a speech outlining the duty of pilgrims and the aim of the pilgrimage.

The first session of the con-

ference was addressed by the Min-

istry of Education Secretary-

General Abdul Latif Arabiyat

who said that the direct dialogue

between the school headteachers

is a positive contribution to the

cause offence to other pilgrims. In pilgrimage in a comfortable atmrecent years, it was noticed that some pilgrims from other coucontacts have been made with

osphere. Meanwhile in Ramtha, it was

reported that pilgrims from Syria. Lebanon and Turkey Wednesday began arriving in the town on their way to Saudi Arabia to perform from using the pilgrims to achieve the pilgrimage. A special pilgrims political ends, the minister said. camp has been set up at Ramtha to The minister also paid tribute to accommodate the pilgrims.

Hourani: Fortunes of confectionery industry contingent on food output ustry, and this leads to an ever inc-reasing imports bill for such as a result, Mr. Hourani added. AMMAN (Petra) — A con-

Chamber of Industry Wednesday. Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Industry and Trade Mohammad Saleh Al Hourani opened

the conference with a speech outlining the importance of food production on which the confectionery industry depends. "This industry is closely linked with that of agricultural production wich is most unfortunate for the Arab World which does

ference on the Arab confectionery reasing imports bill for such industry opened at the Amman goods, Mr. Hourani said. He urged Arab states to inc-

rease their food production which in turn would help to promote the food and the confectionery ind-

Referring to the confectionery industry in Jordan, Mr. Hourani said that Jordan is still unable to achieve food self-sufficiency because crops in the country mostly depend or rainfall which fluctuates greatly from one year to not produce sufficient food so as the next. Therefore, the con-

bureaucracy.

Citing agricultural production figures for 1982, Mr. Hourani said that Jordan was able to produce JD 85.3 million worth of food products last year, nearly seven per cent of the Gross National

Product. The conference is important because it is hoped that it will find the means to reduce the Arab World's dependence on foreign development of school admconfectioneries, Mr. Hourani said. Delegates representing the con-

inistration in Jordan. The Ministry of Education has fectionery industry in the region embarked on these meetings to are taking part in the conference. help headteachers understand problems in schools and discuss means of counteracting them, Dr. Arabiyat said. He also stressed that the ministry wants all schools to begin tuition on the first day of

Wednesday.

the school year.

in Salt

smash

Wednesday.

One dead

SALT (J.T.) - One person died

and three others were injured in a

road accident here Tuesday which

involved five vehicles, according

to a report in Al Ra'i newspaper

It said that the accident was cau-

sed by a petrol truck which was

heading towards Wadi Shu'eib.

The truck was being driven dow-

nhill by a South Korean national

working for the Hambo con-

struction company. At an int-

ersection on the outskirts of Salt.

the driver lost control of the veh-

icle due to faulty brakes and hit

the back of a private car in from

killing the occupant in the back

seat. Ahmad Al Jazzazi from Salt.

Headteachers Trade team to leave talks end for Tunis meeting SALT (Petra) - The third and final stage of a conference on school administration opened here

Trade Walid Assour. Delegates to the three-day mee-

delegation will leave for Tunis secretariat report on the labour Saturday to attend the 35th mee- force in the Arab World, intting of the Arab Economic and emational agreements on ens-Social Council which is due to uring the rights of expatriate Arah open Sept. 5. The delegation will labourers and topics related to be led by Minister of Industry and developing trade relations between Arab states.

WHO meetings to focus on Jordan's health policy

AMMAN (Petra) - The Health and the medicines to be used in the World Health Organisation (WHO), according to a spokesman for the Ministry of Health.

The first of these meetings to be held between Sept 24 and 28, will discuss mental illness and will issue recommendations on ways of developing mental health treatment in Jordan and ways of exchanging information and experience in this field.

Ministry is organising five medical this respect. The third meeting will meetings in Amman in the coming discuss environmental health two months in cooperation with while the tourth will deal with general health matters and the fifth, to be held between Nov. 20 and 25, will discuss laboratory medical research work.

Following these meetings, the spokesman said, a symposium will be held at the University of Jordan to make a general assessment of health needs and ways of developing medical services in Jor-

The second meeting, to be convened between Sept. 26 and Oct.
2, will deal with basic health care these meetings.

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West Bank documentary impresses in Moscow

By Salameh B. Nehmat Special to the Jordan Times

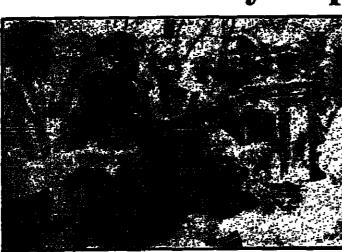
AMMAN - "The Bride and the Dowry" was one of the entrants in the 13th International Moscow Film-Festival. It is a television documentary which was filmed by a British crew in the occupied West Bank and directed by a Palestinian film-maker from London. The 28 minute, 16 mm colour

film, shot last year is a documentary which describes what happened to the Palestinians under Israeli occupation in Jerusalem, Hebron and the rest of the West Bank. The film won the Novosti award

for the best film in the festival. which has the motto "Art Films , for Humanism". The film also made a great impact on film critics as well as on the ordinary aud-

The Soviet anti-Zionist committee then invited the film to be shown in the USSR on a wider scale. The film was also invited to Leipzig for a showing in East Germany.

Ibrahim Abu Nab, director, producer and script writer for the film, said that the title of the film expresses the Jews' liking for the land they occupied and their dislike of what came with it namely - the Palestinians, who were driven out of their own homes by the . Jews who expropriated their lands



Guests at the 13th International Moscow Film Festival drink tea from a Russian samotar (Photo by Boris Kaufman)

The film shows scenes of women and children evicted from their homes, demonstrations, closure of universities and an interview with Felicia Langer, the human rights lawyer in the occupied West Bank, who spoke about the injustice and torture of Arabs imprisoned in Israeli jails,

Mr. Abu Nab said. Felicia Langer also said during the interview that Jewish courts torture of the Arab prisoners.

did not accept any evidence of the It took three British film crews travelling from London to the

occupied West Bank to shoot the film. The first crew stayed for two weeks, the second for 10 days and the third for a further 10 days. We had plenty of material for

filmed 15 hours worth to make the

28 minute film, he added. The crew was often prevented from filming and was harassed by Israeli militants. The crew had to smuggle out their cameras and sound recordings to avoid the strict censorship. One of the crew members reportedly said: "Nev- on a small scale in the U.S. and ertheless, we have managed to England.

manoeuvre through the Israeli

mere coincidence, Mr. Abu Nab said. "While the film crew was interviewing some Arab peasants, an Israeli land surveyor showed up and started arguing with the peasants over a piece of land which caused a riot, while the camera was still continued to run.

One of the riot scenes shot was a

Another similar incident occurred when the film crew was trying to interview Mr. Bassam Al Shaka'a, mayor of Nablus, Israeli soldiers tried to obstruct the crew. who continued the camera running, and ended up filming the lsraeli soldiers looking ominously at

The film cost \$120,000 and was financed by a non-commercially minded donor who agreed to fund the film after he saw "The Key", a film directed by Abu Nab in 1976 and produced by the United Nat-

"We were hoping to sell the film to Arab television stations to recthe film. Mr. Abu Nab said, we oup some of the cost." Mr. Abu Nab said. "I sent two copies to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) offices who did not show any interest in buying it," he

> One Arab country bought the film for show on television. The film was also shown on JTV and

Mr. Abu Nab is currently wor-

king on a film on the Sabra and Shatila refugee camp massacres. "A study is being done in order to evoke the real meaning of the massacre" he said. "Its in my drawer waiting for a sponsor." he Mr. Abu Nab was born in Jer-

usalem in 1931 and attended a secondary school in Ramallah in the occupied West Bank. He continued his studies in the U.S. where he received his Bachelor of Arts degree in English language and journalism. He then returned to London in 1957 and worked in broadcasting for the British Broadcasting Corporation. during which he studied in a film school.

Later he took a job in Kuwait as a film director for an oil company. then returned to broadcasting in Egypt and Qatar. In 1971, he left for Beirut where

he worked as a freelance joumalist and film-maker. In 1973 he worked as the senior editor for Al Hawadess political magazine for two years, then returned to the film business establishing a cinema industry for the PLO and made his first film "They Key" in

In 1976 he left Beirut for conother cars. venience and since then he has been working on his own in joumalism and making films whenever he is able to. He is married with seven children, two of them who are also film-makers.

The truck, which was hurled to the side of the street, then hit four

All the vehicles were badly demaged and the three injured people are undergoing treatment at Al Hussein Hospital in Salt, the

Board of Directors: Responsible Editor; MOHAMMAD AMAD RIMA'A HAMMAD. BAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD. MAHMOUD AL KAYED GEORGE'S. HAWATMEH Advertising Manager: FERNANDO ERANCIS Contributing Editor: RAMI C. KHOURI Edwarfal and advertising offices lordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.G. Box 8/19, Annuan, Jordan Telephones: 666328, 666265 Teles: 21497 ALRAI JO Telegram: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan, The Jardan Times is published daily except Fridays Subscription and advertising Just are uvaluable from the iordan Tones udvertising department.

Plan in ruins

EXACTLY one year after its birth, the Reagan initiative for the Middle East lies in ruins - good enough to make history but of little use to a generation yearning for peace and human

An opportunity missed, if that is what some of us would call the U.S. initiative now, it is easy to say the forces of evil have destroyed it. If it is a mechanism failed, it is easy to fault the principles underlying its theory. And if it is a peace process that has never got off the ground, it is also not difficult to put the blame squarely on its wrong timing. For good or bad, however, the Reagan plan's tragic collapse is neither, nor could it be as easily explained as all that.

Political reductionism, even expediency, may be cathartic, but it is definitely not the answer to complex arguments over the present situation in the Middle East still, it is safe to assume that the Reagan proposals of last September 1 have failed simply because neither the Arab World nor Israel would opt for them - for totally different reasons of course.

For the Israelis, the even success of American diplomacy in this area needed the friendship and full co-operation of the Arabs. For that to happen, Israel would no doubt reason, the Americans would have to lessen their total support for the Jewish state, and Israel would have to make territorial compromises as well. Neither option would have been acceptable to the Likud coalition of "Eretz Israel", and therefore the Reagan initiative would not only have to be rejected but also fought openly. The fight did take place and as is now evident Israel managed to stave off the threat which unexpectedly came from Washington last September, so soon after the U.S.-Israel tacit agreement on the objectives of the Lebanon invasion.

For the Arabs, it was not so much of ceding Palestine proper to the Israelis for ever, and of having to compromise chunks of the West Bank and even the Golan Heights as well, that prevented them from joining the U.S.-led peace process. It was deep-seated and, for that matter, justifiable - suspicion in U.S. intentions, credibility and ability to deliver Israel that held them back from signing on to whatever was offered by the U.S. president.

In one full year after Mr. Reagan announced his initiative. the U.S. has failed to dispel any of the Arabs' fears about its intentions or make up for lost confidence and its credibility. The Israelis are still occupying large parts of Lebanon, long after the U.S. promised us that the Israeli occupation army would leave all Lebanese territories before the end of 1982. Not one-day's freeze was effected on building Jewish settlement in the West Bank. And virtually no effort was expended by the U.S. to convince us Arabs that official Washington was a credible and honest mediator in the Arab-Israeli conflict.

This is where we stand today vis-a-vis the Reagan initiative of last September 1. How it all will end, we simply have no way of knowing, but the going is tough and dangerous — the future

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Europe's short term strategy

IT IS rather difficult to find a convincing reason for Europe's refraining from taking part in the U.N. Conterence on Palestine now going on in Geneva. It seems that the European nations preferred to be present only as observes as there is in their view nothing to tempt them to undertake an active role in settling the Palestinian issue for the present at least. It seems that the European Community is still satisfied with the Venice and Brussels declarations on Palestine. But those declarations have not achieved anything and did not bring the Middle East any nearer to peace, let alone affecting in any measure U.S. policy towards the region and its support for Israel's agg-

Europe is again proving that its policy is based on short term calculations in its dealines with the Arab World. This is clear because its policy has proved that: 1. Europe's cool attitude towards the Geneva conference has damaged the European image in the Arab World, 2. This attitude has been a shock to the optimists who thought that the European Community will now be able to play a more constructive role in the region independent of any U.S. influences. But the European countries should remember that the Arab countries will not forget such attitudes and any future lip service to the Arabs will not be sufficient to improve Europe's image. Additionally it should be remembered that the Arabs cannot be divided for ever and once solidarity is achieved. Europe will find it even harder to improve its relations with the Arab Nation.

Al Dustour: U.N.'s brave efforts

THE CONVENING of a U.N. conference on Palestine is in itself proof enough of deep international interest in the plight of the Palestinian people and the desire on the side of the world community to find a lasting settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict. The committee which organised the conference realises that the delegates can only issue resolutions that are not binding. But it should be remembered that the resolutions bear considerable weight on international public opinion because the delegates are expected to discuss the dangers and threats to peace caused by the Arab-Israeli conflict. The conference and it recommendations are the responsibility of the United Nations which, over the past 30 years, has been trying to settle the issue without achieving any success.

We appreciate what the United Nations has been trying to achieve especially over the last 10 years, and we realise that the U.S. was instrumental in aborting all U.N. efforts to achieve such a settlement. The attitude of the U.S. is best demonstrated in its boycott of the present conference in Geneva. This exposes to the world the real face of America and its hostility towards the Arabs. The European countries are also to blame for sending only observers instead of taking an active part in the conference. The Europeans should realise that they were responsible for planting Israel in the midst of the Arab Nation and therefore are responsible for all the problems that have been created by their deed.

Jordan Times The American peace maker and Mideast fading horizons

By Mohammed Fadhel Jamali

THE United States, perhaps the world's greatest power, claims to he a champion of freedom and democracy and to be a promoter of human rights. It has strategic and economic interests in the Middle East; it has the friendship of many Arab states and of countless influential Arab individuals who are thankful for an American education and cherish the American ideals of freedom and democracy; it is anxious to win the friendship of the awakening world of Islam. If the U.S. was to abide by the principles of the U.N. Charter. accept the U.N. resolutions, be guided by the rule of international law and apply its high moral standards, without any form of dis-crimination. it could play its natural role as peace-bringer to the Middle Fast.

Yet, for reasons of internal politics, the U.S. has failed in this role. It has adopted policies which support Israel at the expense of Arab rights and national dignity: it has condoned Israel's aggression. expansionism, chauvinism and religious fanaticism as well as that state's policy of attempting to subvert the Arab World by exploiting religious differences, as it is now doing in Lebanon. The U.S. has given Israel a greater military strength than the combined Arab World and a veto power over all U.S. Arab relationships in the political and military fields. And, in

effect, the U.S. has given Israel a veto in the U.N. security council by itself vetoing resolutions calling on Israel to adopt a more civilised mode of behaviour. This has paralysed the Security Council and rendered it impotent to deal with the Middle East's problems.

This U.S. policy is harmful to the Arabs, the Jews, and to America's own interests and to world peace. The plight of the Palestinian Arabs has been one of misery and homelessness since 1948. They have been forced to live in exile, in refugee camps or under Israeli occupation. Did the U.S. forget, when it supported the creation of the state of Israel, that the Arabs of Palestine were human beings entitled to human rights and self-determination?

U.S. support of aggressive Israeli policies has harmed the Jewish people; it has damaged Jewish morality. In the long run Jewish interests will be served by Israel coming to an understanding with the Arab and Islamic worlds. The present Israeli policy sows the seeds of hatred and breeds revenge. The harsh domination of the Palestinians, the invasion of Lebanon. Israel's role in the Sabra-Shatila massacre, have all tended to feed anti-Semitism in various parts of the world. It is an anathema that the U.S. should sustain a government which indirectly feeds anti-Semitism.

stige throughout the Arab World - anon by forcing Lebanon to sign a

needs no elaboration. In many Arab and Muslim countries the U.S. is considered as the foremost enemy, and this is entirely due to U.S. support for aggressive Zionism. America's friends in the Arab World are losing ground; radical policies are gaining support. The door is being opened to Communism. The argument that a military strong Israel is the best protection for U.S. interests in the Middle East is false. By its actions Israel has antagonised the peoples of the region and thus impaired .S. interests. If the situation in the Middle East deteriorates further world peace will be threatened: A holocaust could engulf Arabs and Jews alike. Israel possesses nuclear weapons and generals like Sharon would be

I am sure many knowledgeable U.S. citizens, including those in positions of responsibility, accept the truth of what I have said, but they are unable to change the course of U.S. policy. I do not doubt the good intentions of ex-President Jimmy Carter and President Reagan nor their desire to achieve a Middle East settlement based on justice, but both have failed due to the restrictions of domestic politics. Mr. Carter favoured Israel at the expense of Arab unity and Egyptian dignity in pushing through the Camp David accords: Mr. Reagan has The decline of American pre- rewarded Israel for invading Leb-

tempted to use them.

withdrawal agreement which encroaches on its sovereignty and ignores the interests of other Arab states. Instead. the U.S. should have forced Israel to withdraw completely and to pay a heavy indemnity for the loss of life and property.

I frankly believe that because of its domestic politics the U.S. alone is not able to bring peace to the Middle East. I believe it is time for the task to be turned over to the U.N. Security Council and for its five permanent members to participate in finding a solution. The aim of the conference should be the implementation of U.N. resolutions calling for respect of the boundaries of all states in the region, including those of a Palestinian state. I further believe that the states of the region. including Israel, should renounce the use of all nuclear weapons and agree to reduce their forces to the level necessary for internal secutity. If such an agreement is reached it should be underwritten by the permanent members of the Security Council. It is not beyond the bounds of possibility for the Middle East to become a region of peace, brotherhood and tol-

Dr. Jamali, a lecturer at Tunis University, is a former prime minister and foreign minister of Iraq. He wrote this article for Middle East International,

Reagan's forgotten peace plan

peace in the Middle East. The Sept. 1 plan, which called for Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank, raised hopes that the United States was again prepared to play a vital role in regional peacemaking.

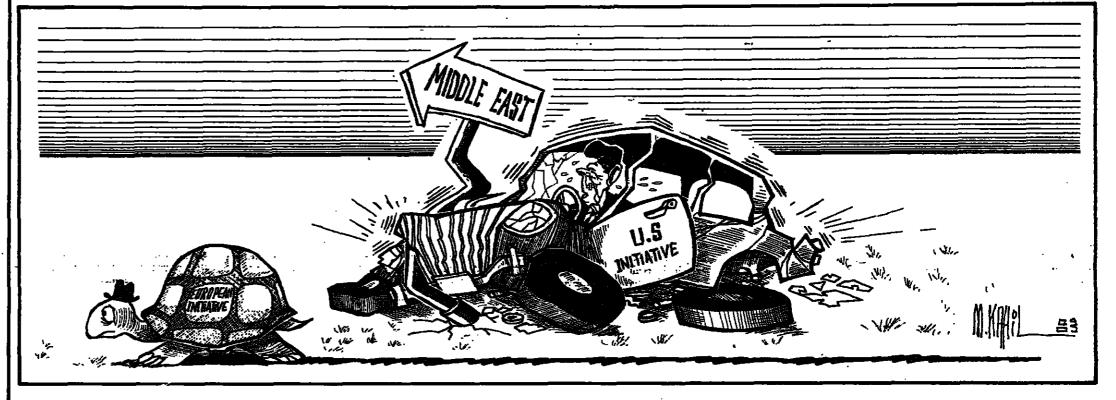
Beyond Lebanon, however, lies the larger deadlocked question of Palestinian self-determination. The Begin government shrewdly used this period to accelerate its colonisation of the West Bank. If there were any doubt at all that Israel seeks to incorporate these occupied lands and resist a territorial compromise such as that proposed by Washington, it was dispelled by Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Arens in remarks recently. "We're approaching the point where the facts are irreversible and our control over Judea and Samaria is assured," he told members of his party.

Even since the 1967 war the United States has characterised the Jewish settlements as "Illegal" and firmly supported U.N. resolution 242 calling for withdrawal of Israel from Arab territory. The Reagan plan of Sept. 1 also reaffirms 242. Yet recently the State Department called a dismantling

A YEAR ago President Reagan of existing settlements "implaunched a bold initiative for ractical" - a gratuitous comment that can only encourage Israeli expansion.

In an apparent effort to minimise the damage of that diplomatic gaffe. Mr. Reagan this weekend reiterated his commitment to his peace plan. He called the establishment of new settlements in the West Bank "an obstacle to peace." But such words, to have meaning, must be matched by an active, full-time U.S. diplomatic effort aimed at achieving a peace settlement.

What such absorption of the West Bank would mean for the character and security of Israel is the subject of intense debate among Israelis. It should also be the concern of the U.S. government. President Reagan may calculate that the United States need not worry at the moment. given the state of disarray in the Arab World and the new uncertainties in Israel. But, if the history of the region is any guide, the Palestinian question will not remain dormant. It the U.S. is to forestall future conflict, it must stick by its principles - including the principles enunciated in the Sept. 1 peace plan. -- Christian Science



W. German anti-war, protest campaign opens



By Heinz Verfurth

BONN — In a northern suburb of Bonn where the city still has a rural look preparations are under way for the campaign against stationing Pershing II and cruise missiles in Germany.

The campaign coordinating ommittee has rented a shop in Rheindorf, only a few miles from the corridors of power where government officials are worrying what the campaigners may be

The change in outward appearance could hardly be more striking. There is a blue and white statue of the Virgin Mary in one wall of the building where the campaign premises are.

There she stands, her hands quietly folded in prayer. Alongside her posters proclaim in bold colours their protest against missile modernisation, No to the Pershing II and cruise

nissiles and yes to a plebiscite on the issue is the message they spell out in block capitals. The office is sparingly equipped

and has a look of spontaneous disorderliness that is typical of the alternative movement.

But campaign headquarters taff, who are mostly young people, leave little doubt that it is going to be the start of something

ig. This autumn, they say, there are going to be the biggest and most

in the history of the Federal Rep-

ublic of Germany. They may well be right. The coordinating committee is the most widely-based body the West German peace movement has so far succeeded in setting up.

It represents 26 organisations and groups with widely varying political targets.

By no means all of them are aimed solely at the objectives of the peace movement, but all are very much in favour of opposing the new missiles. They include the BBU, or Fed-

eral Association of Env-ironmental Civic Initiative Groups. the Greens. the Young Democrats, the Young Socialists, the Socialist Youth and the DGB, or trade union, youth movement. Then there is the Aktion Suh-

nezeichen, the Church Grass Roots Movement, the Protestant Students, conscientious objector's groups and the Committee for Peace. Disarmament and Coo-

There are groups such as Women for Peace, the Federation of Non-Violent Action Groups, the Committee for Basic Rights and Democracy and the Federal, Congress of Development Policy

Action Groups. If the list of constituent organisations is any guide there is little to indicate that the coordinating committee is a Communist front, as the Bonn Interior Ministry or the Verfassungsschutz, or domestic counter-espionage agency, in Cologne at times broadly hints.

"If you ask me what influence the Communists have." says Jo Leinen, spokesman for the BBU and a member of the coordinating committee, "then all I can say is

that it is two twenty-sixths." This is a reference to the Committe for Peace. Disarmament and Cooperation and the conscientious objectors organisation. Both helped to launch the Krefeld Appeal, an anti-missile petition. Both are pro-Communist.

We have never denied for a moment that there are Communists among our supporters,"

varied peace campaign activities says Leinen. "But we would be quite happy to welcome Christian Democrats, too.

Besides, the peace movement was no longer very worried about Communist infiltration after experience gained at the October 1981 and June 1982 peace rallies іп Вопл.

The rallies were so successful that the non-Communist groups feel confident enough not to attach too much importance to allegations that they are Communist-infiltrated or the peace movement is Communist-

The steering committee of the campaign organisation consists of representatives of Aktion Suhnezeichen, the BBU, the National Union of Students, the Federal Congress of Development Policy Action Groups and Women for Peace.

The sixth member of the steering committee may be the pro-Communist conscientious objectors' group but they are unlikely make much headway against the other five.

The coordinating committee is concentrating mainly on a campaign week from 15 to 22 October on which a Cologne conference decided last April.

Communist groups said at the conference that they felt mass railies were the most effective form of protests, but they were unable to prevail over those who favoured imaginative non-violent activities all over the country. The schedule they finally agr-

eed on provides for five "days of resistance" in October that are to . be discussed and coordinated with various professional and social groups and lobbies.

Civil disobedience activities are to culminate in four largescale peace rallies to be held in Hamburg, Bonn, Stuttgart and West Berlin.

The week will get off to a decentralised start on the Saturday, with Sunday being earmarked as a day for activities by Christians and other religious communities.

Peace is envisaged as the central issue to be with at all church ser-

Monday, 17 October, will be women's day, with chains of woman forming round ordnance factories and military installations.

Tuesday is billed as the day of

anti-militarism and international security. The activities planned include burning of draft cards and leafleting in front of barracks. There will also be collections for

Central America and debates with igrant workers. Wednesday will be the day of

workers, factories, farmers and social institutions. Franz Steinkuhler, the Stuttgart regional leader of IG Metall, the iron, steel and engineering workers' union. has suggested a 15-minute token stoppage in factories all over the

The Trade Unions Confederation has been quick to rule out the idea. It sees it as an illegal political strike. But as the trade unions are keen

to take part in the campaign week the last words has probably not yet been said on the subject. Thursday is to be schools and universities day. Lessons and lec-

tures are to be scrapped and debates on problems of armaments and peace held instead. Friday as the day of parliaments

and ministries is envisaged as a day on which the campaign to set up nuclear-free zones is to be pub-There are also plans to hold special sessions of parliamentary

bodies of one kind and another. A variety of activities will be held in connection with the four mass rallies. In Bonn, for instance, a human chain is to be formed round the government area. Demonstrators will converge on

the embassies of the nuclear powers America, Russia, Britain, France. India and China. There will be a "plebiscite" as

part of which people are called on to hang the peace movement's symbols on walls and in windows. Meetings and platform debates will be held all over the city, with reports given by local and regional peace groups, followed by the mass rally in the Hofgarten.

With such a wide range of act-

ivities planned, the coordinating committee, which is keen to point out that its work is financed by Mr. Andropov, aims to register the entire city as the location of its demonstration.

The rally will be held in the pedestrian precinct, the Hofgarten and Poppelsdorfer Allee.

In Hamburg the rally is to converge from meeting points in various parts of the city on the Rathaus and the port. A human chain 108 kilometres

long is to be formed between Stuttgart and Neu-Ulm. Blockade activities are planned in West Ber-The peace movement has great expectations of the imagination

individual groups are to put to use and the numbers of people who are likely to take part. The Bonn head office says cautiously that more than the 300,000

people who attended the last Bonn rally are expected to take part in peace movement activities this October. lo Leinen is more forthright.

"We are already thinking in terms of a million," he says. Activities will not be limited to

the one week. Many other moves are planned beforehand. Peace camps are being held all over the country for training in non-violent resistance.

A U.S. military installation in Swabia is to be blockaded in September by demonstrators including leading writers, such as Heinrich Boll and Gunter Grass. Social Democrats such as Erhard Eppler and Oskar Lafontaine, and

all 28 Green MP's in Bonn. Later next month Artists for Peace are to hold open-air concerts in Hamburg featuring a host of well-known bands and stars such as Udo Lindenberg, Franz-Josef Degenhardt and Wolf Bie-

There can be little doubt that the peace movement will be more active than ever before in the months to come. But will there be the much-vaunted hot autumn?

feelings on both sides.

Jo Leinen takes a dim view of 'talk of violence" that plays a part in fostering bitterness and hard



Protestant Church Academy in Loccum, near Hanover, between politicians, leading police officers and representatives of peace mov-He hopes this gathering, which is to be held early in September. will end all risks of polarisation

between the peace movement and the police. Misgivings and reservations about the gathering may still be voiced on all sides, but Mr. Leinen.

feels it is important as a means of ensuring that aggression is not mistaken for politics. But it will still be a political tightrope walk, as Social Democrat Leinen is well aware after the cla-

shes between police and demonstrators in Krefeld last month. He realises that if violence is taken to excess the credibility of the peace movement will be at

stake "We must prepare our activities so well that violence cannot occur," he says. "We will have nothing to do with people who espouse violence. Non-violence is the only way to go about it."

The non-violent success of the 1981 and 1982 peace rallies is in his view an example of the way activities should be arranged. But can confrontation be ruled

out entirely? "The peace movement." Leinen says, "is not a peace police." - Kolner Stadt-

Gibraltar: Still a thorn in Spain's heart

By Boris Weintraub

WASHINGTON - The Rock of Gibraltar is everyone's symbol of permanence, strength, and security. Its long history is anything

When officials of Great Britain and Spain sit down to discuss the Rock's future, as they are scheduled to do, the ghosts of kings and captains will be at the conference table — Crusader knights who pushed out Islamic rulers. Spanish Catholics who battled

English and Dutch Protestants. What has attracted the attention of European powers to this bit of rock — about three miles long, three quarters of a mile wide - is its strategic importance, commanding the western entrance to the Mediterranean.

One guiding principle

The British possession is also the home of a mixed bag of residents whose one uniting principle is their devotion to the crown: "British we are. British we stay." Yet the Spanish have never given up hopes of regaining this tiny peninsula. linked to the Spanish

mainland by a sandy isthmus. The talks between Britain and Spain, both members of the NATO alliance, were called for under an agreement signed in 1980 in Lisbon, Portugal, Originally to have begun in spring 1982, they were delayed after Argentina invaded the Falkland

islands and war followed. The reason for the delay: When Britainshowed itwas willing to go 8,000 miles to the South Atlantic to defend one colonial outpost, prospects for agreement over another, 1,400 miles by sea from the British Isles, seemed less than promising.

of limestone that climbs sharply. out of the Mediterrancan to a height of 1,398 feet, has had many rulers since the ancient Phoenicians arrived. But it had earlier inhabitants: The first skull of what later became known as Neanderthal Man was found there in

The ancients called the Rock Calpe, seeing it as a giant cup tilted on its side, and also as one of the two Pillars fashioned by Hercules to mark his progress in accomplishing one of his Twelve Labours.

But the first modern settlers didn't arrive until A.D. 711 when an Islamic force under Tariq Ibn Ziyad crossed what later became known as the Straight of Gibraltar and used the area as the launching point for an invasion against the Visigoths who ruled the adjacent region of Andalusia. The Rock became known in Arabic as Jabal Tariq, or Mountain of Tariq, a name that became corrupted as Gibraltar.

A lengthy stay

The Muslims held the Rock until 1309, despite southward advances by Spanish and other Christian forces. In that year Ferdinand IV of Castile and Leon drove the Muslims out, but they returned in 1333 and held sway again until the Spanish ejected them for good on Aug. 20, 1462
— the day of St. Bernard, who

became Gibraltar's patron saint. Gibraltar remained Spanish. with only a small settlement, until 1704. Then during the War of the Spanish Succession, a combined Anglo-Dutch force under English Adm. Sir George Rooke invaded in the name of the Archduke of Austria. Most of the settlers were

The Gibraltar peninsula, a hunk driven out and moved to the town of San Roque; Spain still officially views its residents as the descendants of Gibraltar residents 'temporarily" living there.

It was Article X of the Anglo-Spanish Treaty of Utrecht, signed in 1713 to end the War of the Spanish succession, that changed the rules of the Gibraltar game.

Under its terms, the Roman Catholic king of Spain ceded the Rock to Britain forever, so long as Catholics living there could practice their religion, so long as Jews and Moors were barred from residency, and so long as the border with Spain was guarded to prevent smuggling. If the British ever decided to leave, the treaty said, the Rock must first be offered to

Each of the terms has aroused contention; most have been violated. For example, the Gibraltarian population contains a number of Jews - the current and longtime political leader, Sir Joshua Hassan, is a Jew - and Moroccans have performed much of the menial labour since Spanish day labourers from nearby La Linea were barred by Spanish edict from crossing the border in the 1960s.

Lingering resentment

The population grew after the signing of the treaty. But the Spanish never forgot their resentment over Gibraltar's loss.

The resentment boiled over into military action several times, notably in the Great Siege, which began in 1779 and lasted three years, seven months, and 12 days. The British managed to resupply the surrounded fortress, and the siege was finally broken after a clever British commander fired red-hot shot, setting some of the

Spanish armed vessels afire. It was Gibraltar's strategic imp-

ortance as the key to the western Mediterranean that made it useful to the expanding British Empire. particularly after Suez Canal opened in the 19th century and the empire's ships dominated the world's sea lanes.

Gibraltar's long spell of peace during this period permitted the development of its military fortifications, its naval base, and the town — its population including Genoese, Portuguese, and Mal-

There was little room for expansion; only a limited area is habitable. The upper reaches of the Rock are populated by two colonies of Barbary apes — actually tailless monkeys — that dwell there under army protection. Leg-end holds that the British will remain in Gibraltar as long as the

Living conditions are not always pleasant. An east wind called the Levanter often results in a cloud that produces hot, humid weather, Since there is little usable groundwater, rain is a major source of supply, trapped on corrugated iron sheets attached to the east side of the Rock and guided into reservoirs. There are no green English lawns - though there is a miniature golf course.

A home on the Rock

Despite these difficulties, a distinctive population of "Gibraltarians' call the Rock home. Though they are fiercely loyal to Britain, their everyday language is Spanish spattered with English. and on their 26 miles of road they drive on the right. A 1981 census nting almost total internal self-

put the total civilian population at 30,522. including 19,666 Gibraltarians, 7.289 other British subjects, and 3,567 aliens.

The base of the economy is now. as it has been for centuries, in support of the military role, though Gibraltar's free port status once led to a thriving tobacco smuggling trade.

During World War I the Rock was a major coaling station for Allied ships. In World War II. in which Spain again remained neutral, Gibraltar served as a permanent aircraft carrier for Allied planes and as the launching point for the invasion of North Africa. Planes took off from an airstrip built on the isthmus. Most nonmilitary residents were evacuated until war's end.

After the war, the era of longrange bombers and the nuclear age, combined with the gradual dissolution of the British Empire, began to lessen the Rock's importance, though it is still a "choke point" for Mediterranean shipping. At the same time. Spain began to reassert her claim to what

she still regarded as her property. Spain's actions, especially during the 1960s, were two-pronged. She went to the United Nations and successfully urged the General Assembly to vote for "dec-olonisation" of Gibraltar, while avoiding censure for maintaining two Spanish enclaves on the Moroccan coast. And she began to tighten the economic screws, eventually closing the border entirely in 1969. (The new Spanish Socialist government reopened it to

local pedestrians last December). The British responded by gra-

government to the Gibraltarians. and by conducting a 1967 referendum on whether they wanted to retain British sovereignty or join Spain. They voted, 12,138 to 44, to remain British, and Britain gave them a new constitution whose preamble said no change of sovereignty would take place aga-

Tourism plus subsidies

inst the residents' wishes.

In response to the blockade, the British attempted to step up tourism in Gibraltar, with limited success. and provided substantial subsidies to prop up the Rock's economy. In 1980 British government expenditure generated .60 to 65 per cent of the gross nat-

ional product.
Negotiations between the two countries had begun in 1966 but got nowhere. With the return to democracy in Spain after the death of Gen. Francisco Franco, and the effort by Spain to join NATO and the European Economic Community, talks resumed. resulting in the 1980 agreement to pursue the issue. Each side agreed to consider "any proposals". which opens the door to discussions of the touchy sovereignty

To meet the suspicions of residents. Spain has said it would give them the right to remain British citizens if Spain obtains sovereignty over the land. All Spanish political factions have urged the return of Gibraltar to Spanish sovereignty. "I was in Spain on election night, and in Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez's victory speech, there were only two references to foreign policy issues." said Eusebio Mujal-Leon, as ass-

El Campamento La Tunara Villa de la Concepcion Gibraltar Bay **Military port** 2 Commercial port 3 Highest point-1,398 ft 4 Barbary ape pack 6 Water catchments 6 Alameda Gardens (mini golf course) **GIBRALTAR** Europa Strait of Gibraltar

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istant professor of government at Georgetown University in Was- entire question. The government hington. "One of them was to hopes a private ship repair yard Gibraltar. It showed that for the will replace the naval shipyard. Spanish, regardless of party aff- and has sought private investors. iliation. Gibraltar remains a thorn in their side."

The key difference between Gibraltar and the Falkland Islands situation is that Spain has said it will not use force to regain sovereignty. With Spain in NATO and in the process of negotiating its military role, the question of who rules the military base of Gibraltar becomes important.

Shipyard to close

The Falkland Islands war, several American expens agreed, has hardened British attitudes on Gibraltar, at least temporarily. But the British have said they would close the Rock's naval shipyard this year and several of the obssignal greater flexibility on the promising financial aid at the out-

In the long run, the experts agreed. Britain will probably yield. sovereignty, perhaps with an interim period of joint rule or through some diplomatic contrivance that would preserve Gibraltarian interests and give the British a graceful way out.

Sooner or later, the British will ive up control of Gibraltar." said W. Kendall Myers, a historian and professorial lecturer at Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies. "Not surprisingly, they don't like to think about that too much. It's a final recognition that the days of the empire are finished."



Enshrined in legend and protected by custom, the famed Barbary apes of Gibraltar are looked after by British troops who sometimes have to break up

Gibraitar, which Spain seeks, will remain British as long as the apes — which, in reality, are tailess monkeys — remain on the Rock (National Geo-



Guarding the western entrance to - and exist from - the Mediterranean, Gibraltar juts out into the water and climbs to a beight of 1,398 feet. Because of

history of Great Britain, but the presence of the British flag is an irritant to citizens of Spain, who Broom the sturn of the peninsula (National Geo-

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SPORTS

McEnroe does it again

NEW YORK (R) - Top-seeded John McEnroe threw a tantrum in the first round of the U.S. open tennis tournament Tuesday, throwing sawdust and cursing a spectator and the umpire as he scrambled to a 6-3, 5-7, 4-6, 6-0, 6-1 win over fellow-American Trey Walkte.

McEnore, who has not won a error or a service fault. tournament since capturing his second Wimbledon title in July. was fined a total of \$1,850 by tennis officials for his anties on court during the three hour and Ite min-

He was fined \$1,000 for cursing at a spectator and throwing sawdust at him, \$500 for abusing the umpire and \$350 for swatting a

ball at the grandstand. McEnroe said the spectator had distracted him by repeatedly applauding when he committed an

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"I asked him if he was going to keep on cheering every time I miss

a serve, and he replied. I'm working on it." McEnroe said. "It really bothered me. I lost my concentration, and I played worse after the incident."

McEnroe did not find his touch until the fourth set when he lost only eight points.

Waltke played aggressively throughout, recording 28 outright winners against seven by the three-time open champion. McE-

LONDON (R) - Notts County

became the fourth club to win

their first two games of the new

English first division football sea-

son when they beat Birmingham

County joined West Ham. Ars-

enal and Aston Villa as the only

clubs in the division with perfect

records after two games, though

eight more teams still have to play

Rachid Harkouk scored both county goals. He drew them level 10 minutes before the end of the

first half after Birmingham had taken the lead in the 22nd minute

2-1 at home Tuesday night.

their second matches.

through Mick Harford.

and committed 13 unforced errors game. compared with nine by Waltke.

"I don't feel I moved very well." McEnroe said. "And I missed a lot of unforced shots. You don't win in tournaments that way. But in the fourth set I started to make him work for his shots and I think he got tired."

McEnroe said he questioned only one call during the match. "I told the umpire the line judge was doing a bad job and I got a warning." he said.

Vitas Gerulaitis, runnerup to McEnroe in 1979, fought off three matchpoints to beat Marcos Hocevar of Brazil. 3-6, 3-6, 6-3, 7-5,

Gerulaitis, beaten in the first round last year, saved the first matchpoint at 2-5 on his service in

English 1st division football started off

most of last season through injury.

grabbed the winner with a fine vol-

Birmingham were already down

to 10 men. Robert Hopkins hav-

ing been sent off 25 minutes ear-

In Tuesday night's only other

first division match, last year's

runners-up Watford picked up

their first point of the season with

ley 15 minutes from time.

lier for a high tackle.

Then Harkouk, who missed

mroe hammered in 15 aces, but he the fourth set and staved off two was guilty of nine double-faults more matchpoints in the eighth

> Seventh-seeded Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina became a first round casualty for the second year in a row in the S2 million event. going down 6-2. 6-3. 7-6. to Tim Wilkison of the U.S.

> Clerc. who lost a five-set struggle to Australia's Kim Warwick a year ago, went out even quicker against the lefthanded Wilkison on a gorgeous, balmy day at the U.S. national tennis centre at flushing meadow.

> Clerc. 25. had a miserable first half of 1983 and also lost in the opening round at Wimbledon. But he has been one of the most formidable players on the U.S. summer circuit and won three consecutive tournaments last month.

a 2-2 home draw against Ipswich.

All the goals came in the first

half. England striker Paul Mariner

opened for Ipswich after 17 min-

utes. Dutchman Jan Lohman equ-

alised 12 minutes later and Nigel

Callaghan volleyed Watford in

But Eric Gates. who scored

twice in a 3-1 win over Tot-

tenham Hotspur on Saturday.

made it 2-2 just at half time.

front after 41 minutes.

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Australia II, Victory '83 fail to complete race

tory '83 failed to the third time their best-of-seven series to determine this year's America's cup challenger.

The British and Australian yachts were to have sailed a 24.3-mile course starting from the America's cup bouy, 16 kilometres off the Rhode Island coastline. But at 2 p.m. local time (10 a.m. GMT). with no real wind in sight, the race was postponed.

The crews of both vachts indicated their willingness to make a fourth attempt Wednesday to get a result. The best-of-seven series must be completed by Sept. 8, five days before the first race in the America's cup is scheduled.

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (R) — defend the cup had better luck Australia II and England's Vic- with the wind in the area where they were racing Tuesday. Cou-Tuesday to complete a race in rageous came from behind to defeat Liberty by 49 seconds over a shortened course, avenging its defeat Monday.

Liberty led by 16 seconds at the first mark after five kilometres of sailing upwind in a breeze that never exceeded eight knots.

Courageous managed to overtake its rival close to the next mark, made the better turn at the buoy and was in command from there to the end of the third leg where the race was shortened.

While the two American yachts were racing their support teams were hard at work on land experimenting with fins. similar in function but not the same in shape The two American yachts eng-aged in trials to decide which will tralia II.

Swedish table tennis star just makes it to the quarter-finals

- Jan-Ove Waldner, the Swedish champion regarded as the world's most promising player, came within one point of failing to qualify for the world cup table tennis quarter-final.

Waldner, 17 and ranked number eight in the world, was surprisingly beaten by England's still have a chance of qualifying.

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados (R) number one Carl Prean on the opening day and then stood 20-19 down in the second game against leading South Korean Kim Ki Taek.

Meanwhile Cai and the other Chinese to be surprisingly beaten. Jiang Jia-Lian. both won this time and if they win again Wednesday

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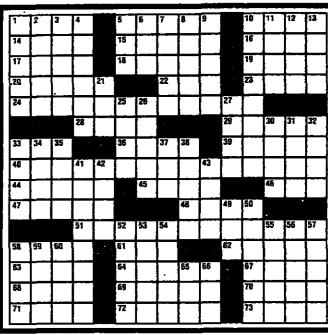
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Bahrain banker appeals for greater role for women in Gulf countries

ISTANBUL (R) - A leading banker from Bahrain Wednesday made a strong appeal for a greater tole for women in Gulf countries to help boost economic dev-

In a paper presented to a conference here on world monetary and development problems, Arab Investment Banking Corporation (Investcorp) President Nemir Kirdar described the problem of under-employment of women as economically pernicious.

He said labour-starved Gulf states were retarding economic development by barring half the potential labour force from working. There was hope in statistics showing that women were being integrated into education on a

"At the same time, equal effort must be expended in making all areas of endeavour open to women. Most important of all, women must be granted equal access to all sectors of the workplace," he added.

Mr. Kirdar said only six per cent of Saudi Arabia's workforce, inc- anced states. luding expatriates who make up 43 per cent of all workers in the country, were women. In Kuwait, the figure was only 10 per cent.

"The very prosperity of these countries perpetuates female their welfare programmes, cre-under-employment, as men who ating disincentives to work. earn enough to support their females may keep their wives at

tural conflict in Gulf countries, as it proposed freeing women of their

"socially distinct role". Mr. Kirdar's paper said the experience of oil-rich Gulf showed capital was not the only critical factor needed to transform countries into productive and adv-

Gulf countries were now realising the need for greater efficiency in both government and private sectors, he said, adding they had been too generous in

Education had to be expanded, particularly at primary school nome," he said. . level, to counter high illiteracy and But he recognised that the idea create a better-equipped wor-

He said much progress had been made, but it took time.

labour force had less than primary level education, he noted. Higher education had also to

In Kuwait, 59 per cent of the

concentrate on specialist vocational and technical training as well as academic and theoretical schooling, Mr. Kirdar added.

The conference, convened by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the private North-South round table organisation, is attended by bankers, businessmen, government ministers and aid experts from around the world. It closes Thu-

Experts say policies urged on debtor states have negative overall effect

ISTANBUL (R) - Four economic experts have told an international conference on world monetary problems here that deflationary recovery policies urged on debtor and deficit-hit developing countries can have an overall negative effect.

"The aggregate effects of policies which are being recommended to deficit countries have not been duly considered." they said.

The four made the comment in a paper they presented to the conference here, organised by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the private North-South round table organisation.

Sachs and Company Vice President Robert Hormais, International Monetary Fund (IMF) External Relations Director Azizali Mohammad and Oxford economist Mr. Frances Stewart.

They said restrictive policies in one country could help balance its external accounts, but applied to many countries such policies left little room for world export exp-

The widespread application of restrictive policies meant "the major burden of adjustment would fall upon a reduction in imports and economic activity all round," the four said.

"In some countries political stability is at stake as a result of the continued application of these pol-

They said efforts to solve recent

centrated on securing adjustment this should have been matched by more expansionary policies in surplus nations.

Recent massive debt problems had been partly due to some countries following unsuitable expansionary or inward-looking pol-

gone much further in creating a need for adjustment than imprudent policies would have required." the four said.

But the world recession has

To stave off the threat of consequent debt defaults and social collapse in developing countries. they called for surplus nations to shoulder a greater share of the world recession burden.

The four said increases in intneeded rather than reductions, as well as cuts in agricultural subsidies by Western countries which

they said harmed poor countries reliant on commodity exports.

Current deflationary policies needed to be revised and reversed to achieve necessary expansion of world demand, and protectionism

had to be halted, they said, Setting up a "Third World bank" to secure and channel new sources of funds to developing countries was also a "promising idea", they added.

They said there was a need to study such suggestions as creating a world central bank to help manage such issues as world liquidity. reorganisation of external debts and international interest rates.

In another paper, three senior World Bank officials argued that international aid donors should increase their assistance in the intemational development aid, were erests of global recovery, saying cutbacks would be intolerable for already over-burdened low-

EC import tax plan meets stiff opposition

BRUSSELS (R) - Stiff opposition has emerged within the European Community to proposed food import taxes and controls which threaten a new trade confrontation with the United States, diplomats

The proposals, aimed at appeasing European farmers due to be penalised by reform of the bloc's farm subsidies system, came under strong fire from Britain. West Germany and the Netherlands at a meeting here Tuesday of foreign, finance and farm ministers, they

France led others in the community who see import controls as an essential ingredient of any plan to overhaul a system which has pushed the group to the brink of bankruptcy, they added.

The community's Farm Commissioner Poul Dalsager told reporters after Tuesday's meeting there was some resistance to his proposal for a consumption tax on edible oils and fats, and for limits on imports of cereals substitutes.

Washington has protested strongly against the proposals and warned of possible retaliation.

U.S. Ambassador George Vest handed a formal letter to the commission on Aug. 22 which expressed U.S. disquiet at the plan for the consumption tax, which would hit the U.S. soyabean industry and the cereals substitutes import restrictions aimed mainly at U.S. com

French Farm Minister Michel Rocard told reporters that import controls must be imposed if France were to accept some of the reform

Sir Geoffrey aso recalled the free trade commitment by the leading Western economic powers at their Williamsburg summit last May but the commission countered that any measures taken would be within the rules of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT),

Opposition by the three countries appeared very determined and could bloc the plans if maintained but the diplomats said the outcome will not be known until the financial reform package takes final shape at the Athens summit in December.

S. Korea sets up LNG firm

SEOUL (R) - South Korea Wedi company to deal with Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) to be supplied by Indonesia from 1986 under a 20-year contract signed earlier this

The Korea Gas Corporation said it will distribute two million tonnes of LNG a year to Seoul and neighbouring cities for house fuel, power generation and industrial use, he said.

A gas plant is due for completion at Pyongtaek, just south of Seoul. by December 1986 at a cost of 680 billion won (\$860 million).

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THE BETTER HALF By Harris H9227S B "I don't like the looks of today's horoscope. All it says is: "YIKES!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. NORIM FRAWE **ROSABB** USUALLY "WOVEN" FROM .. SQUOME Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: Jumbles: TOOTH BOGUS INDUCT TRICKY wer: They drank to each other's health so often that this happened—BOTH GOT SICK

IDB, Kuwait fund give \$179m loans

BAHRAIN (R) — The Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) said its executive directors agreed to grant \$131 million in loans to member countries.

It said the loans would finance development projects and trade exchanges among its 42 member countries and brought to \$681

million loans it granted in the year which started last October. A total of \$20 million each went to Jordan and Pakistan, \$25 million to Morocco and \$15 million to Bangladesh to finance the purchase of crude oil from member countries.

It also lent \$25 million to Iraq for the import of industrial goods. Another \$7.4 million went to Morocco to finance a water and electricity project and \$5.3 million were extended to South Yemen to finance a health project and the construction of three medical training centres.

Pakistan was granted a loan of \$10.6 million to help finance small and medium-sized projects there. Further loans and aid went to Niger, Sierra Leone, the Maldives,

Djibouti and Yugoslavia, it said. Meanwhile, the Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development is to extend \$47.89 million in loans to Jordan. Guinea-Bissau and Cape Verde for development projects.

Jordan will receive \$34.18 million for an \$87.86 million irrigation and power project, Guinea-Bissau will get a loan of \$10.4 million for a \$49.6 million port improvement scheme and \$3.31 million will go to Cape Verde for a communications project expected to cost \$12.88

Dollar firms sharply on foreign exchanges

FRANKFURT (R) - The dollar gained further strength on foreign exchanges Wednesday, aided by renewed worries that U.S. interest rates will rise and by market concern over Middle East tensions. It opened here at 2.7055 marks, over a pfennig above the close

The dollar's opening was in line with highs reached in the Far East overnight and above the New York close at 2.6955.

The U.S. currency last opened above 2.70 marks on Aug. 15. In Paris, the dollar rose to an early 8.1435 French francs from its

Dealers said the dollar's rise in Europe was sparked by U.S. Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige's remark Tuesday that U.S. interest rates may move up further as the recovery continues unless

funds as fighting in Lebanon intensifies. Sterling was at an early level of \$1.4903 in London, just slightly weaker than Tuesday's close of 1.4990.

Dealers also said the dollar was being bought as a safe haven for

'It was drawn up by Pakistani Planning and Development Minister Mahbub Ul Haq. Goldman deficit and debt crises had con-Saudi Arabia sells

oil on spot market to boost gas output

BAHRAIN (R) — Saudi Arabia is selling crude oil on the spot market in order to boost production of natural gas, the official Saudi Press Agency said Wednesday.

Quoting a reliable source in Petromin, the ministry of petroleum and mineral resources, the agency said the rise in natural gas output was necessary to generate electricity in the kingdom's Eastern Province to prevent a repeat of a power cut which occurred two months

Light oil is the country's principle source of natural gas.

It said Aramco, which traditionally markets Saudi crude through long-term contracts, was selling the oil itself on the spot market at official OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) benchmark price of \$29 a barrel.

"The measure by Aramco is only temporary and will come to an end when the need for it ends," the agency said. Electricity demand in Saudi Arabia usually rises sharply in the

summer because of demand for air conditioning. It said Aramco marketed the crude using long-standing methods used by OPEC members.

It said the quantities sold on the spot market were limited and in accordance with OPEC decisions on a 17.5 million barrels a day overall production ceiling.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1.4927/37

1.2337/40 One U.S. dollar 2,7060/70 3.0260/70 2.1925/35 54.41/44 8.1420/50 1613.50/1614.50 246.70/80 7.9450/9500 7.5150/5200 9.7325/75

Italian lire Japanese ven

U.S. dollars

One ounce of gold 414.00/414.50

One sterling

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp









YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Until 8 P.M. you are under excellent influences for getting in touch with other persons and letting them know your ideas, how they can be of assistance to you in gaining your alms.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Get in touch with those persons who can assist you with your routines and make them more efficient-running.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be very businesslike in the daytime and find better ways and means of adding to property and other assets.

GÉMINI (May 21 to June 21) Find the right channel in which to express your ideas best during the daytime and don't fuss over minutize in the evening. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Plan that campaign

now for gaining your cherished aims and stop procrastinating. Communicate with loved one.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) You can be with friends and admirers during the daytime and get fine results, but economize in the evening. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study your career aims well

and strengthen your purpose so that you can gain them more quickly. You get approval from bigwigs today. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Study into those situations you do not understand and they soon clarify themselves and you

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Be ingenious at handling business affairs today and gain fine benefits from them. Leave nothing undone that can be done.

know how to proceed.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be articulate in desiing with a partner and come to a better understanding, have greater success in the future.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) If you organize your work early, you find you can plow right through it wisely, easily. Don't make any changes.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Plan more amusement that can lift your spirits and make kin feel more cheerful also. Then find better ways of economizing. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make conditions at home more

friends in early and have fun. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be one of those delightful young persons who will be very locquacious in early years and who can project self and ideas very well, so slant the education along lines of the law, the pulpit, teaching and the like for best results.

harmonious and show you are truly devoted to kin. Invite

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The morning is excellent for getting a good start at doing whatever concerns your romantic interests as well as where putting your ideas across and

understanding are concerned. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Ask family what they would like you to do and then carry through willingly with their ideas. Spend the evening with loved ones.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study into travel and correspondence problems and get them solved very nicely. Consider new methods of doing things. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Study those problematical affairs well and make right decisions just how best to solve

them early, then carry through.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Study your true ambitions and make headway in attaining them. Be with good

friends in the evening. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) The morning is fine for being with advisors but later don't go overboard where asking favors is concerned. Communicate with close ties.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Fine day to see close friends who really like you and gain favors from them that you need. Early make appointments for social life.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get focused on important work early and get much done so that you are satisfied. Bigwigs are best contacted in the morning.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You get good ideas but need to sift out the best of these and put them in motion quickly. Make new contacts who can be helpful. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Come to a better

understanding with debtors and creditors by proper discussions. Later get your accounts in order. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) if you point out to high

strung partners that it is best to be practical, you get fine results and the future can be brighter. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) if you look into periodicals you get fne ideas for improving your vocational duties. Have

talks with co-workers, also. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Know how to project your finest capabilities better so that you get fine results with

others. Socialize this evening. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be one of those charming young persons who will be alert to whatever is going on around him, or her, and should have a good education in order to grasp opportunities that are within easy grasp. Teach to be more objective.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

The state of the s

WORLD

Over 1 million Filipinos bid emotional farewell to Aquino

MANILA (R) — More than one million people, many singing patriotic songs, turned out Wednesday as the body of assassinated Philippines opposition leader Benigno Aquino was carried through the streets of Manila to his grave.

lowed a funeral service at the Santo Domingo Church attended by more than 10,000 people, incand other senior diplomats, who Cardinal Jaime Sin that Aquino "challenged the state to restore the dignity they have lost."

carried on a ten-wheeler truck cemetery and police said they had upheld." unconfirmed reports that one person was killed and two injured when lightning hit a tree under which they were standing.

Police estimated that more than one million people lined the route as the 1.5 kilometre long cavalcade inched along through a sea

Hundreds of thousands sang

WARSAW (R) — Poland Wed-

nesday marked the third ann-

iversary of the Gdansk agr-

eements that gave birth to the

now-banned Solidarity free trade

union with the authorities app-

arently confident they could con-

trol any possible demonstrations.

quiet as workers streamed into

factories for the morning shift.

Major cities were reported

Underground Solidarity leaders

have urged supporters to boycott

public transport for two hours

from 2 p.m., when the shift ends,

which would mean big crowds

Lech Walesa, leader of the ban-

walking along main streets.

The emotional farewell fol- patriotic songs and chanted Sen. Aquino's nickname. Ninoy. as

well as anti-government slogans. The crowd was so deep that at luding at least five ambassadors one point nearly one kilometre seperated the truck with the coffin were told by Roman Catholic from the first car carrying Sen. Aquino's 73-year-old mother, his widow Corazon and their children.

One sign on the truck read: "No A monsoon downpour hit the reconciliation under the Marcos city as Sen. Aquino's coffin was regime." Others said: "Marcos the great liar" and "A bullet will along a 25 kilometre route to the 'never subdue the principles Ninoy

> Banners and yellow streamers hung from trees, windows and highway overpasses along the route. At some places people tossed confetti made from the yellow pages of telephone directories onto the slow-moving column.

A police spokesman said there had been no serious incidents. "only some jostling here and

Wednesday afternoon at the

three-crosses monument close to

the gates of the Lenin shipyards

where the 1980 accords were sig-

A formal flower-laying cer-emony took place there Wed-

nesday morning attended by off-

icial delegations from the shi-

pyards and harbours in the

Gdansk bay as well as rep-

resentatives of Pron. the gov-

ernment's political unbrella

"The government hopes there

will be no demonstrations, and

sufficient security measures have

been taken to ensure calm," gov-

Police kept a deliberately low profile and most of those on the streets were without their usual service revolvers.

But out of sight, police squads stood ready with metal and wooden riot shields and truncheons and reinforced with water cannon

At one government department an official said he was the only one who had showed up for work. "I can't think where the others are." he said.

Inside the church, Sen. Aquino lay in a glass-topped, flag-draped coffin, dressed in the clothes he. wore when he was shot 10 days ago as left the airliner that had brought him home after three ears of self-imposed exile in the United States.

Police Tuesday identified the alleged killer as Rolando Galman. 33. They described him as a notorious killer and hired gunman. who had links with organised

In Gdansk, which has been the

most volatile Polish city with two

minor demonstrations since the

lifting of martial law last month.

the authorities have invoked spe-

cial powers to deal with dem-

But there was none of the ten-

On that day fierce clashes broke

sion in the streets felt before last

out as police used tear gas and

water cannon to break up dem-

onstrations in all major cities and

Although they have trundled

large numbers when there has of Lubin.

year's Aug. 31 anniversary.

five people were killed.

Mourners in the church included Sen. Aquino's 73-year-old mother. his widow, Corazon, and

there, the thing you would expect their five children, and political with a crowd this size," their five children, and political allies who had counted on the allies who had counted on the former senator leading them in their campaign against the govemment of Mr. Marcos.

Sen. Aquino's 12-year-old daughter Kristina said in a eulogy to her father: "Ia m confident ... that my daddy has fulfilled his destiny and that he did not give his life in

"Let us pray for the eternal repose of Benigno Aquino." she said. "Let us pray for all those who suffer from poverty and injustice. Let us pray for all those gathered here that we may be strengthened to cope with the ever-increasing dif-

iculties that we now face. "Let us pray for the leaders of our nation that they will work for the best interest of our people. Let us pray for peace and national reconciliation."

been a threat of a public rally, the

police have not been used in any

major action against dem-

centrated on a propaganda pro-

gramme seeking to discredit Mr.

Walesa and the opposition as unr-

easonable partners for dialogue,

while promoting leaders of new

unions set up this year to replace

Last year one minister spoke of

a danger of an armed uprising, but

typical of the approach this time

was a brief television interview

Tuesday night with smiling wor-

The authorities have con-

onstrators since May 3.

Solidarity.

out the police trucks and jeeps in kers in the copper-mining centre

About 20 priests took part in deliver". the funeral service, which went on The astronauts, who also incmuch longer than anticipated and put well behind schedule a programme that included functions at the memorial to Philippines national hero Jose Rizal, executed by the Spanish colonial rulers in

They were to spend the rest of ifornia.

Shuttle launches Indian satellite without hitch

Florida (R) — The space shuttle Challenger Wednesday successfully deployed its primary cargo, a sophisticated weather and communications satellite for

Mission specialists Guion Bluford and Dale Gardner released the \$50-million satellite. Insat-18, from the shuttle's cargo bay using a springboard mechanism. This is the second day of the six-day voy-

Once the shuttle is a safe distance away, a small booster rocket should carry it in to a higher orbit. After a series of manoeuvres, it should be circling at a fixed point 35,900 kilometres above the Indian Ocean by next week.

One of the five astronauts reported: "Insat was deployed on time with no anomalies and the satellite looked good."

It was the fifth satellite placed in orbit in the shuttle programme, which has adopted the motto "We

lude mission specialist William Thornton and pilot Daniel Brandenstein, later relayed down videotape recordings of the payload and of themselves working in the

KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE, the day continuing experiments on separating live cells from a buffer solution, a process that can be done more efficiently in space and which researchers think could lead to breakthroughs in medicine.

TDRSS test

The shuttle will also be testing a Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System (TDRSS) which will enhance communication between the ground and shuttles and is vital to the European spacelab project.

The first TDRSS is in its proper orbit but has been having ground equipment problems.

The Indian satellite is the first of two which will relay data to 35 ground stations in India. An earher Insat satellite malfunctioned last September.

It is a complex package providing telephone communications, direct television broadcasting to Indians who live in remote villages, and weather services, including warnings of disasters like floods and cyclones. · It will be controlled by India's

mission control in Hassan, southern India. The spacecraft is due to make its

first night landing next Monday at Edwards Air Force base, Cal-

Many U.S. publishers to avoid Moscow book fair

NEW YORK (R) - Large numbers of major American publishers are refusing to attend September's Moscow book fair, industry sources said here.

Some publishers said their refusal to attend was in protest against the imprisonment and exiling of many writers in the Soviet

Others said they were not going simply because it was too hard to sell books there.

The last Moscow fair in 1981 attracted 224 U.S. publishers, but sources at the association of American publishers said that only 14 had so far announced plans to att-

Among the 14 who have said they will go, only one. Harper and Row, is considered a major publisher here. The others include religious, technical and scientific publishers. Robert Bernstein, the head of

Random House who was barred by Soviet authorities from attending the 1981 fair because of his support for dissidents, told Reuters it was clear Americans would be "conspicuously absent" from this year's fair.

He said the experience of American publishers in Moscow was that people were afraid to talk to them and Americans were afraid to talk to Soviet writers.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Holidaymaker discovers cocaine haul

PADSTOW, England (R) - A holidaymaker fishing off the coast of southwest England hauled in a box containing cocaine estimated to be worth £500,000 (\$750,000) at street value. Three men were to appear in court Wednesday charged with offences related to illegal importation of cocaine, a customs spokesman said. The fisherman spotted it anchored to the seabed in three metres of water near this holiday resort in North Cornwall,

British bra-makers release statistics

LONDON (R) - The young women of Britain are busting out all over - that's official from the makers of brassiers who say bosoms are getting bigger. From the boyish, beanpole-look favoured by English model Twiggy in the 1960s and 70s, the country's females have developed towards shapely, fuller figures in an acceptable kind of inflation. Average bust size has increased by five cm, from the old average 34b bra to 36b, according to one manufacturer, who says the uplift has been caused by improved diet.

Maldives to hold referendum Sept. 13

MALE, Maldives (R) - Maldives will hold a national referendum on Sept. 13 to elect a new president for the Indian Ocean archipelago, a government spokesman said Wednesday. Maumoon Abdul Gayoom, selected by parliament earlier this month to be its candidate in the referendum, needs only a simple majority to continue as president for the next five years. Under the country's constitution, the 48-member Majlis. (parliament) selects the candidate for the referendum. There are no political parties in Maldives, an Islamic nation where campaigning for the presidency is banned. Gayoom. 46, an Islamic scholar, won all but one of the votes in the Majlis on Aug. 21. Political sources said Mr. Gayoom is expected to be returned to another term, though with a lesser percentage of votes than in the previous referendum in 1978 when he won 92 per cent.

China cracks down on violent crime

PEKING (R) — China's public security ministry has ordered strict controls on the carrying and use of knives as part of a crackdown on violent crime, the official People's Daily said Wednesday. It said the measure covered daggers, switchblades and other knives and applied to chisels and other tools. The announcement comes less than a week after Public Security Minister Liu Fuzhi ordered harsher and speedier punishment to stamp out a wave of killings, assaults and violent robberies. Since the middle of August, several thousand hoodlums have been rounded up in Peking and other cities, according to a series of reports. Last week, 30 offenders, including a woman, were executed in Peking after a rally in the workers' sports stadium at which the mayor called for public order. Official newspapers have indicated that not only common-law criminals but also some young people with "counter revolutionary aims" were among the delinquents being rounded up.

Chile says general's death will not affect dialogue

Poland marks 3rd anniversary of Solidarity

SANTIAGO (R) - Chile's military government has condemned the machine-gun killing of Santiago's chief administrator, a retired general, but said it would not affect recent moves aimed at liberalising the country's politics.

Santiago Governor Maj. Gen. Carol Urzua, his driver and his escort were killed Tuesday by six unidentified gunmen firing from the back of a pickup truck.

The attack was the most serious against a member of the armed forces since Gen. Augusto Pinochet took power in a coup 10 years ago and came two days after

The government, blaming extremists, marxists and communists for the killing, said the attack would not alter the process of gradual political relaxation begun by Interior Minister Sergio Jarpa, a civilian, since his appointment

emergency in force since 1973.

nearly three weeks ago.

The small-scale political reforms followed bloody protests against military rule.

his government lifted a state of

Aires, said the assassination was an "isolated case" and did not justify reimposing the state of eme-

Mr. Jarpa, visiting Buenos

An anonymous telephone caller opposition dialogue. told a radio station that the banfor the murder of the 57-year-old retired general, but there was no indication that the call was gen-

Diplomats, noting that the MIR

vador Allende - had been infrgency. vador Aliende — nad ocen ini-Police said the general's car was iltrated by the security forces and hit by 62 bullets outside his home reduced to near insignificance, in a Santiago suburb. An intensive said the killing could only serve hunt failed to find any trace of the the interests of extremists oppkillers - five men and a woman. osed to the government-

Navy commander Adm. Jose ned Revolutionary Movement of Merino said he did not think the the Left (MIR) was responsible murder would affect talks between the government and five opposition parties grouped in the democratic alliance.

It has called for a fifth day of protest in as many months on - one of the parties in the leftist Sept. 8, three days before the coalition of the late President Sal- tenth anniversary of the coup.

Singapore plans computer

gapore government says it is planning a computerised matchmaking service in order to help marry and produce bettereducated children for the good of

The plan was disclosed Sunday night by Deputy Premier Goh Keng Swee who said the gov-

suggest a course in courting technique for students entering the university.

a major controversy here.

Mr. Lee said that uneducated Singapore women produce twice as many babies as their educated counterparts and said that unless economy would falter.

cation minister, presented statistics to show that children born here.

COLOMBO (R) -- Sri Lanka's

government decided Wednesday

to introduce compulsory military

service following the ethnic vio-

lence that swept the island last

men between the ages of 18 and

help the police and armed ser-

SINGAPORE (R) - The Sin- of graduate parents completed primary education with better results.

He said Singapore should learn women university graduates from Japan where "the computer has entered the match-making

"Matching is done by the computer but the print-outs are checked by a human before meetings are arranged in suitable surroundings with soft lights and romantic background music," he

Unlike Japan, where a woman on reaching 30 "becomes desperate and grabs at any man available". Singapore's women graduates become more fastidious and demanding as they become set in their life-style, he said.

Mr. Goh said more than 80 per cent of about 800 female graduate teachers here were unmarried. uments put forward earlier this and his own research showed that month by Prime Minister Lee they were not very active in see-

They are waiting for a chance occurrence of meeting the men who fulfil the criteria they have in mind. If this is so, their marriage would amount to what statisticians call a random event," Mr. Goh

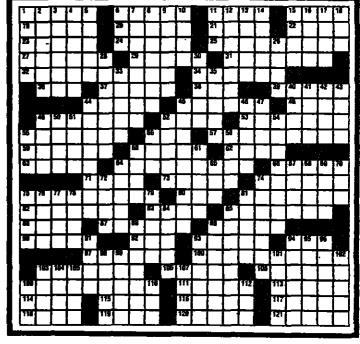
He is the third cabinet minister Mr. Goh, who is also the edu- to defend Mr. Lee's elitist theory which has raised a public uproar

THE WEEKEND CROSSWORD

WHEN DAY IS DONE By William Carine



21 X 21, by John Gr



Last Week's Cryptograms

Old inn's sign read: Martin Washington's parlor maid swept here.
 In Dickeas' parable knock-kneed bookkceper labs all tall stool.
 Some call trolleys absolute; many say streeters can be a treat.
 Patient pony pulled puppy and pullet on painted pallet.

CRYPTOGRAMS

1. UBAAUH EUO MESA RNAAHO RNAAH; RTBA-AUH RNAAH RNYPUBO; ISTZ MESA RSYPHO 2 ADDS PDI EDDS AYTH UDJS RK SNOOTY

CRYIM ALTKIK HENITS EDY 1PT 1RYSM UDL-3. BAZCPM BATIZQL OGNMTU ANIOL IJDAS, QZS

BEZGUCS PTTO ANGEL EC LSINJDAS. 4. CEPLZ XKD PZZSLXKI KIKH HSSL DAZB BAC

XPEK SX AZ. - By Earl Ireland





GOREN BRIDGE

ned union, planned to lay a wreath ernment press spokesman Jerzy

BY CHARLES GOREN 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH **•**643 ♥ Q J 63

O A 109 **4** J 5 3 EAST **♦ Q 10 7 ♦ Void** 7 1072 7 AK98 ♦ Q 643 ♦ K 8752 4 K 874 **4**962 SOUTH **♦ AKJ9852**

♥ 54 ٥J 4 A Q 10 The bidding: South West North East 1 Dble 2 Pass 4 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of ♥.

South made a theoretically correct play, but it cost him his four spade contract. However, the technically correct play would have succeeded! North's raise to two spades after West had interposed with a takeout double

is in keeping with modern

theory-you make the bid

you would have made had

there been no intervening ac-

tion. South's jump to four spades was clear-cut. West led the king of hearts and then shifted to a diamond to attack dummy's entry. Declarer saw no problem. He counted seven trump tricks, one diamond and two clubs, just enough for his contract. Unfortunately, one of those

CONTRACT CONSIDERATIONS VS. SUIT ODDS winning the ace of diamonds,

declarer led a trump to his king and West showed out. Declarer tried his best. He led a heart. West took the ace and exited with the king of diamonds. Declarer ruffed and led the ace of clubs followed by the queen. This time West held up, and. declarer had to concede a club and a trump for down

In terms of the trump suit alone, declarer's play of a high trump at trick two was correct. But had declarer taken the whole hand into consideration, he might have realized that, once East had followed with a trump at trick two, the finesse of the jack guaranteed the contract.

As the cards lie, the finesse would win and declarer would lose only two heart tricks and a club. But let's suppose that the finesse failed and West won the second trick with the queen of trumps. That would mean that trumps were 21, and that the third trump on the table was an entry.

West has a safe exit with a. diamond. Declarer ruffs, draws the last trump and leads a heart. West must win, and he still has a diamond exit. Declarer ruffs high, then crosses to dummy by overtaking the five of trumps. He discards two clubs on the queen-jack of hearts and claims his contricks vanished when, after tract.

match-making service

emment was planning to buy software from Japan for computerised match-making. He urged Singapore university professors to study the matter and

"If we allow events to take their natural course, a large proportion of women graduates, probably the majority, will remain unmarried," Mr. Goh said. backing up arg-Kuan Yew and which have created king a marriage partner.

the trend was reversed the country would lose its talent pool and the said.

Colombo to strengthen military

He told reporters the cabinet

approved the scheme in principle

Wednesday. More than 385 people died and hundreds of houses, shops and fac-Education Minister Ranil Wictories were damaged last month kremasinghe said medically fit when Sinhalese attacked minority Tamils. Some sections of the 55 or 60 would be mobilised to Tamil community were campaigning for a separate state.



